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THE MORNING STAR.

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The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

Norwegian steamer Daggry, loaded with dynamite and railroad iron has been pulled off the shoals near Cape Henry, Va. —— Large crate and berry basket plant in Petersburg, Va., destroyed by fire; loss over $60,000. —— Daniel Harmon shot and killed by Dr. E. J. Daniels, at Keystone, W. Va. —— Gov. Taft, of the Philippine commission, told of the conditions in the islands at the session of the Senate committee yesterday. —— One of the Biddle brothers wounded in the fight with officers died yesterday; the other believed to be dying; Mrs. Soffel is the only one of the trio who has a chance of living and she has developed symptoms of pneumonia. —— An unknown steamship is reported aground in Delaware bay. —— Activity in diplomatic circles at The Hague is believed to have connection with the Dutch note to Great Britain. —— Admiral Schley and wife will leave Knoxville next Friday for Washington, D. C, by way of Asheville and Salisbury, N. C. —— State troops called out at Jackson, Miss., last night to prevent the lynching of a negro who shot and killed a policeman. —— Ed. Biddle, the last of the brothers who escaped from Pittsburg jail, died of his wounds at 11 P. M. —— Pritchard & Winstead's tobacco stemmery, at Goldsboro, N. C., destroyed by fire last night; loss $40,000. —— N. Y. markets: Money on call steady at 2½ per cent.; cotton quiet at 8½c; flour market was dull and nominal at old prices; wheat—spot quiet, No. 2 red 78c; corn—spot steady, No. 2 68c; oats—spot steady, No. 2 49c; rosin—steady; spirits turpentine easy at 44½@43½c.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. D. A. WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., Feb. 1.

Temperatures: 8 A. M., 41 degrees; 8 P. M., 53 degrees; maximum, 53 degrees; minimum, 38 degrees; mean, 46 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .89; rainfall since 1st of the month to date, .89 inches.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—For North Carolina: Rain Sunday, with colder in extreme west portion; Monday fair and probably colder; light to fresh southeasterly winds becoming westerly.

Port Almanac—February 2.

Sun Rises	7.01 A. M.
Sun Sets	5.28 P. M.
Day's Length	10 H. 27 M.
High Water at Southport	3 24 P. M.
High Water Wilmington	5 54 P. M.

Some of the Senators have had an opportunity to ventilate their revolutionary lore within the past week.

Neeley's shortage is only $131,413. If he had not been caught up with so soon he might have done better.

On the trip across from New York Marconi had wireless connection with shore stations 120 miles distant, and got news from this country in that way.

Wm. J. Bryan refused to be kissed by a lot of emotional school ma'ams in a Pennylvania town. He said his wife reads the papers. He doesn't propose to have any trouble at home.

With the Philippines, Hawaii, Guam, Porto Rico and the Danish West Indies, won't we have a warm time protecting them if we ever get into a scrap with a nation that has a strong navy?

It is said that the new Secretary of the Treasury, Shaw, neither drinks, smokes, chews, nor swears. But he gets even for this self-denial by eating pie three times a day, and pumpkin pie for breakfast.

A New York electrical inventor promises to soon give us telephone talk across the Atlantic. He says he has worked out the problem and got it down to a dead certainty. That Kentucky man who has been talking to his neighbors half a mile away says it is just as easy to talk all around the earth.

Salt Lake City is one of the best watered towns in this country. There is clear, cool water flowing through every street, fountains at nearly every corner, while many yards have little streams of their own emptying into the gutters. The water comes from the adjacent mountains, carried down by pipes.

Miss Constance Cavendish, of England, the 17 year old daughter of Lord Chesham, runs a farm and draws the color line on it. She will not have anything but black cattle, horses, sheep, goats, dogs, cats, rabbits, &c. Everything must be black. But she hasn't succeeded in raising black grass to feed to her stock.

For LaGrippe and Influenza use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.
For sale by Hardin's Palace Pharmacy

LOCAL DOTS.

— Rev. J. P. King will preach at Delgado at 3 P. M. to-day.

— Examination of applicants to practice law will be held by the Supreme Court Monday and Tuesday.

— Attractive valentines are on display in the windows of several Wilmington shops. The day is Feb. 14th.

— Marsden Bellamy, Jr., commissioner, yesterday sold to Herbert McClammy, Esq., property on Ninth street between Nixon and Swann, for $40.00.

— Schooner *Sequin*, 333 tons, has been chartered to bring cargo of coal from New York to Wilmington, 70 cents, and return with lumber at $4.00 per thousand.

—Norwegian barque *Taurus*, with cargo of 4,745 barrels rosin consigned by the S. P. Shotter Company to parties in London, was cleared yesterday by Messrs. Heide & Co.

— The continued downpour of rain yesterday and last night caused an ugly "cave-in" of the pavement on Princess street, nearly opposite the Dixie Cafe, where excavations were lately made for the sewerage laterals.

— Rev. L. B. Boney will preach at Southside Baptist church, morning and evening, at the usual hours today. Rev. C. B. Paul, of Swansboro, Onslow county, had been invited to preach, but illness prevented his filling the appointment.

— Winston *Journal*: "Mr. Rex Gass's condition continues favorable. He rested well last night and the reports from the hospital to-day are decidedly encouraging. His recovery would be a delight to his physicians and to all his many friends."

— The suit of Mr. E. H. Parker against the Atlantic Coast Line for damages resulting from delay in getting truck to market, is occupying the attention of Wayne county Superior Court. There are a number of other cases of a similar nature and counsel on both sides have agreed that the decision in the Parker suit shall govern the others.

TO DEDICATE GRACE ORGAN.

Bishop W. W. Duncan of South Carolina Will Preach Here To-day.

Bishop W. W. Duncan, of Spartanburg, S. C., who will to-day preach a sermon dedicating the handsome new organ recently installed in Grace M. E. church, arrived yesterday and is a guest of Mrs. Roger Moore, on Chesnut street. The fame of Bishop Duncan as a preacher of great power and eloquence has gone abroad over the land and a very large congregation is expected to hear him.

The new organ will be used for the first time at a regular service upon this occasion. Mrs. Mattie L. Chasten will preside and Mr. E. C. Craft will accompany the singing with cornet. The following programme has been arranged: (1) Voluntary. (2) Hymn No. 1, "Come Thou Almighty King." (3) Hymn No. 194, "I Love Thy Kingdom, Lord." (5) Hymn No. 132, "Coronation."

At the evening service the programme will be as follows: (1) Voluntary. (2) Hymn No. 658, "Jesus Shall Reign." (3) Offertory. (4) Hymn No. 401, "My God, the Spring of My Joys." (5) Hymn No. 575, "Onward Christian Soldiers."

COTTON AND NAVAL STORES.

Increase in Receipts of One Product, But Sharp Decrease in Others.

The monthly statement of receipts of cotton and naval stores at the port of Wilmington is published in the commercial columns of the STAR to-day.

From the statement it is noticeable that there is an increase in the receipts of cotton from January of last year amounting to about 9,000 bales. The yearly receipts are also correspondingly larger this season than last. There is a shortage in the receipts of naval stores for the month, the greatest—about 50 per cent.—being in spirits turpentine. Crude and tar have, however, about held their own as compared with Jan. 1901. The prices for the most part during the past month have been quite satisfactory.

Freight Engine Disabled.

The Charleston train due to arrive here at 11:30 P. M. did not reach the city until this morning after 2 o'clock. A freight engine attached to fifty odd cars became disabled at Malmo, Brunswick county, a short distance from the city, and the passenger train could not pass until a message 'phoned to Wilmington brought an engine to place the cars on the side track there.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Opera House—Sousa.
Williams Bros.—Flour.
N. F. Parker—Close-outs.
R. C. DeRosset—Valentines.
Opera House—Railroad Jack.
W. B. Cooper—Seen potatoes.
Geo. O. Gaylord—Four facts.
Solomon's Shoe Store—Slippers.
C. W. Yates & Co.—Valentines.
People's Savings Bank—Surprising.
Wilmington Gas Light Co—Cold halls
Hardin's Pharmacy—Look over list.
Vollers & Hashagen—Goods right.

BUSINESS LOCALS

Second-hand Organ—For sale.
Wanted—Travelling salesman.
Wanted—Agents in every town.
Prof. Max Hirsch—Piano-tuning.

— Mr. E. J. Hill, of Lake Waccamaw, is registered at The Orton.

THAT INJUNCTION.

Original Order Was Dissolved and a New One is Given to Both Sides.

ATTORNEYS HAVE RETURNED.

Order Continued for Final Hearing at Kenansville, N. C., Feb. 14th.—Bond Not Given Yesterday and Work Remains at a Standstill

Precious little remains to be said regarding the sewerage controversy beyond what was contained in the special dispatch from Louisburg printed in these columns yesterday.

Both sides claim a victory but those uninterested seem to think it is "six of one and half a dozen of the other" with the chances in favor of an amicable settlement of all the differences and the enforcement of an ordinance which will guarantee the restoration of the streets.

Messrs. Bryan, Bellamy, Peschau and Davis, the attorneys who appeared before Judge Timberlake Friday, got home yesterday morning after an all night ride. They left Louisburg at 7 P. M., same day of the argument, and drove across the country to Franklinton, catching a train which put them in Raleigh about 3 o'clock in the morning. They left there at 5 A. M., arriving in Wilmington at 10:10 A. M. yesterday. They were, of course, very tired when they reached here and, were plied with various and sundry questions.

The decree of Judge Timberlake as a result of the hearing also reached here yesterday morning and was promptly served by Sheriff Stedman upon the City Clerk and Treasurer and Capt. E. G. Parmele, secretary and treasurer of the Wilmington Sewerage Company. It dissolves, annuls and vacates the original injunction sued out against the city, but restrains the Aldermen from the passage of that certain resolution, which caused all the rumpus and which in effect instructs the Mayor to stop further excavations "until the ordinances passed by this Board regarding excavations of streets are fully complied with." Any other restrictions that are not unreasonable may be placed upon the work by the Aldermen. The decree not alone enjoins the city, but the Sewerage Company is also restrained, directly or indirectly, from further excavating or prosecuting work on its system until it shall have executed a good and sufficient bond in the sum of $15,000 to guarantee the proper restoration of all streets. Attorneys for the city wanted the bond fixed at $20,000 and the Sewerage Company's attorneys contended for $10,000, but the result was a "split of the difference" and the fixing of the bond at $15,000. The Aldermen are also required to give a bond of $250 for the maintenance of the action. These bonds are to be satisfactory to the Clerk of the Superior Court and not to the Board of Aldermen and Board of Audit and Finance as was at first supposed.

The hearing was continued until Feb. 14th, at Kenansville, or by agreement of counsel, if Judge Timberlake has finished that term and gone home, it will be at Louisburg. At this hearing the complaint of President Worth will be answered by Mayor Waddell and the Board of Aldermen and evidence on both sides will be introduced. The hearing is expected to be sensational as the Sewerage Company will no doubt make a supreme effort to have the restraining order continued.

Neither of the bonds were given yesterday and all work by the Sewerage Company is at a stand still. It is not contemplated that any work will be done before Tuesday.

The full text of the decree by Judge Timberlake is as follows:

"STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
"Superior Court of New Hanover Co.
"The Wilmington Sewerage Company vs. A. M. Waddell, Geo. Harriss, Jno. H. Sweeney, W. C. VonGlahn, E. F. Johnson, W. E. Mann, C. C. Parker, Jno. F. Maunder, C. L. Spencer, L. H. Skinner and E. P. Bailey, constituting the Board of Aldermen of the City of Wilmington.

"This cause coming on to be heard before me at Chambers in Louisburg, N. C., on the 31st day of January, A. D. 1902, upon motion of defendants to dissolve and vacate the restraining order heretofore made in this case and dated Jan. 27th, 1902, such motion being made on the original papers in the cause and it appearing to the Court that a controversy and differences have arisen between the plaintiff and the defendants touching the manner in which the plaintiff is digging up and excavating the streets of the City of Wilmington for the purpose of laying and constructing its system of sewerage and also the manner of the repair and restoration of the said streets.

"Now therefore it is ordered, adjudged and decreed that the defendants be and they hereby are enjoined and restrained from passing the resolution or ordinance mentioned in the complaint as having been introduced at a meeting of the said Board held on Jan. 24th, 1902, and that otherwise and with this exception the said restraining order heretofore made in this cause dated Jan. 27th, 1902, be, and the same hereby is dissolved, annulled and vacated.

"And upon motion of Marsden Bellamy and Junius Davis, counsel for defendant, it is further ordered, adjudged and decreed by the court that the plaintiff, its officers, agents, servants, contractors and employes of every kind and all persons acting for them be and they and each of them hereby are enjoined and restrained from excavating or digging up or tearing up any of the streets or alleys or public ways in the City of Wilmington for the purpose of laying its sewers, or constructing its system of sewers in the said city; but this is not intended and shall not prohibit or restrain the plaintiff, or its agents, officers, servants, and employes from repairing and restoring to its former condition any street or streets heretofore excavated or dug up by it or them until and unless it shall give a good and sufficient bond in the sum of $15,000 payable to the said City of Wilmington to be approved by the Clerk of this Court, conditioned that the plaintiff will repair and restore all such streets and alleys of the said city as may have been dug up or excavated by it to the same good condition and order as said street or alleys were in before such digging or excavating.

"It is further ordered that the defendants give bond in the sum of $350 with good surety to be approved by the clerk, conditioned to pay to the plaintiff all such damages as may be awarded against them by reason of this restraining order.

"Let the plaintiff and defendants appear before me at Kenansville, N. C., on Feb. 14th, 1902, and show cause why an injunction in the same tenor of this restraining order should not be granted to the hearing. Let a copy of this order be served on each of the parties hereto. (Signed)

"E. W. Timberlake,
"Judge holding Superior Court, 5th District.

"It is agreed that the above hearing will be heard at Louisburg, N. C., if Judge Timberlake shall not be at Kenansville to hold Superior court. (Signed)

"Marsden Bellamy and Junius Davis, for defendants.
"E. K. Bryan and Bellamy & Peschau, attorneys for Plaintiff."

PROF. DeMOTTE'S LECTURE.

He Will be Heard Again This Afternoon at Y. M. C. A.—All Are Invited.

The lecture last night at the Y. M. C. A. by Prof. Jno. B. DeMotte was attended and enjoyed very much by a large audience, notwithstanding the very inclement weather. Prof. DeMotte has before lectured in Wilmington and was popular, but last night he added fresh laurels to his already enviable reputation.

By special arrangements, Prof. DeMotte will remain in Wilmington to-day and this afternoon at 5 o'clock will deliver an address to the Y. M. C. A. on the resourceful subject, "Success Means Sacrifice." Everybody, both ladies and gentlemen, are invited and members of church choirs are asked to come upon the platform and assist in the singing.

THE CAROLINA NORTHERN RAILROAD.

Mr. Augustus Mellier, the President, Says Extension Soon Contemplated.

This week's issue of the *Manufacturers' Record* says:

"The Carolina Northern railroad, recently completed between Lumberton, N. C., and Marion, S. C., a distance of 41 miles, it is reported, will be considerably extended during the present year. In a letter to the *Manufacturers' Record* Mr. Augustus Mellier, president of the company, wrote that an extension will terminate at Charleston, while another line will be built between Lumberton and Fayetteville, N. C., forming a new route between Charleston and Fayetteville, and connecting with the Carolina Central division of the Seaboard Air Line at Lumberton. It has been reported that the Carolina Northern railroad was closely associated with the Seaboard Air Line, and the Charleston extension, if built, would give the latter another outlet at tidewater. The total length of the road, if thus completed, will be 175 miles."

Negro Accidentally Shot.

Eli Davis, colored, aged 22 years, and an employe of the Powers & Gibbs factory across the river, was accidentally shot yesterday afternoon while gunning with an associate near the fertilizer works and was removed to the Hospital here for treatment. A load of duck shot took effect in the negro's right thigh and just above his abdomen. He may be fatally wounded but it will require several days to determine it. Particulars of the accident could not be learned. The negro was brought across the river to the Clarendon Water Works station and taken out to the hospital in the police patrol wagon.

Custom House Affairs.

Upon the qualification and entrance upon the duties of the office of Recorder of Deeds at Washington yesterday by former Collector Jno. C. Dancy, of this port, the Treasury Department telegraphed to Special Deputy Collector Jno. E. Taylor to take charge of the office of Collector of Customs here until Mr. B. F. Keith, the new appointee, could qualify. Mr. Keith was away at the time, looking after the manufacture of his newly invented self-lubricating axle in Pennsylvania, but returned to the city later in the day and took charge of the office. His bond in the sum of $20,000 will be given with a surety company.

Rev. John H. Hall.

Friends of Rev. John H. Hall, the popular pastor of Fifth Street M. E. church, will regret very much to know that he is still confined to his home as the result of an operation performed about ten days ago. Mr. Hall was suffering from an abscess in his forehead and underwent a delicate operation at the James Walker Memorial Hospital. Last week another tumor developed near the location of the first one, necessitating a second operation from which he is now recovering. He will be unable to fill his pulpit as usual to-day but it is a source of gratification to his friends to know that his condition is fast improving.

— Mr. Wm. McLean, of the firm of Wm. McLean & Co., arrived yesterday from Philadelphia. He is accompanied by his wife and they are guests at The Orton.

AT THE OPERA HOUSE

Sousa's Band Friday Evening, the Musical Event of the Present Season.

MINSTRELS MONDAY NIGHT.

Richards & Pringle's Aggregation Said to be Bigger and Brighter Than Ever. "Railroad Jack" and Real Live Lion for Wednesday Night.

The theatrical attraction extraordinary this week will be Sousa and his famous band of fifty musicians, who will appear at the Opera House next Friday night, coming direct to Wilmington on a special train from Fayetteville, where a concert will be given in the afternoon. On the night previous the band will appear at Raleigh.

The sale of seats for the performance begins Wednesday morning at Gerken's, and indications point to a great rush. The prices for best seats will be $1 and $1.50; general admission, 75 cents; gallery, 50 cents. Manager Schloss is confident he will not have anything better here this season in the musical line.

JOHN PHILIP SOUSA.

"Unique among the world's greatest musical organizations" is the apt way in which Sousa's Band has been summed up. Mr. Sousa's organization is just completing its tenth year of existence and the record it has made during that time is a remarkable one. Its achievements all testify to an unflagging devotion to his work, a comprehensive knowledge of his art, a keen appreciation of the desires of his public, a catholicity of taste in matters musical, exceptional capacity as a disciplinarian and the other characteristics that go to make of John Philip Sousa a successful man of affairs as well as an artist of unusual and well merited distinction. He has succeeded-ceeded in putting the military band on a permanent footing, for the concert work of Sousa and his band is practically continuous throughout the year and bids fair to embrace all the civilized world.

Minstrels To-morrow Night.

Glorious voiced singers, diverting song and dance men, clever colored comedians and a score of enjoyable vaudeville and minstrel entertainers is said to make up the excellent bill of Richards & Pringle's Famous Georgia Minstrels, which will appear at the Opera House to-morrow night.

The big ollo of vaudeville acts numbers the newest in this line and represents the best and most original colored talent in this country. If you wish to hear the catchiest songs of the season, see this show. If you wish to hear the brightest, wittiest endmen minstrelsy has ever fostered, don't miss this performance. The press everywhere speaks in the highest terms of the entire programme.

Railroad Jack Wednesday Night.

The sensational comedy drama "Railroad Jack" is the bill for Wednesday night. The company carries a real live lion which is seen in one of the climaxes. Popular prices will prevail: 25, 35 and 50 cents; gallery 15 cents. The sale of seats will open Tuesday morning at the box sheet office.

Off For Europe.

The British steamship *Polana*, laden with cotton for Liverpool, cleared yesterday noon from the wharves of the Champion Compress and passed out at Southport at 4:15 o'clock in the afternoon. Capt. Holtum, the popular master of the vessel, had with him as his guests for the trip Alderman E. P. Bailey, who will spend about six weeks in London the guest of his sister, Mrs. F. C. Poisson, Bartholomew House, and Mr. H. G. Smallbones, Jr., who will visit his uncle, Mr. J. Arthur Smallbones and other relatives. Alderman Bailey, before leaving, denied the report that he had handed in his resignation as a member of the city council. Capt. Holtum and his guests were cheerily saluted by the harbor craft as the vessel passed down the river.

Entertainment Postponed.

The entertainment announced by the Girls' Guild of the First Baptist Church has been postponed from Friday evening of this week until the following Friday at the same hour. It will be in the nature of a "Valentine Party," and will be given in the lecture room of the church. A programme of excellent entertaining features is being prepared, and those who attend are promised a delightful evening. The "party" is for the purpose of creating a fund with which to purchase a carpet for the lecture room. Refreshments will be served.

A Rainy Day Episode.

A West India negro, bearing the undignified title of Seazel Copsy, was arrested near Front and Market streets yesterday by Policeman H. W. Howell. He was offering for sale a pair of rubber boots and considering the weather, Officer Howell was satisfied the negro was either an escaped lunatic or had stolen the property. He accordingly placed him under arrest and the West Indian will have an opportunity to explain to the Mayor Monday why he wanted to sell rubber boots during a flood.

LIVELY TIME ABOARD A SWEDISH BARQUE.

Drunken Sailors Who Attacked Mate of Vessel Across River Last Night Arrested by Cutter Crew.

There was a lively time and much of it aboard the Swedish barque *Victoria*, Capt. Erickson, last night about 11 o'clock. The vessel is being loaded with naval stores by, Patterson Dowling & Co., at the wharf across the river, next south of the ferry dock, and four members of the crew came over to the city early in the evening to enjoy a Saturday night ashore.

They "tanked up" on mean whiskey at a pretty lively rate and returned aboard the ferry boat to the vessel about the time mentioned. Soon after going on deck they picked an altercation with the mate of the vessel about some money and proceeded to "do him up" in true sailor fashion. One of them attacked him with his brawny knuckles and another fired upon him with a pistol, one of the balls taking effect in the forehead but not wounding him, it is thought, seriously. He received several other bruises and cuts about the face.

Captain Erickson gave the alarm to the police, and the mate and other members of the crew also sent up a yell for help, which aroused the cutter officers on this side of the river. The cutter's flash light was thrown upon the vessel and, although there was a dense fog, it made the barque as bright as day and it was immediately seen that "something was doing." A boat crew was dispatched to the scene and two of the belligerent sailors were arrested and turned over to the police upon charges preferred by Captain Erickson. They will likely be given a hearing to-morrow. Their names could not be translated into English at the police station.

The Swedish consul, Mr. A. S. Heide, was communicated with and he sent Dr. J. T. Schonwald at once to the vessel to give the mate the necessary attention.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mr. T. L. McNair, of Laurel Hill, N. C., is registered at The Orton.

— Master W. M. Parsley went to Durham yesterday to visit his aunt, Mrs. Jones.

— Friends of Col. A. M. Waddell will regret to know that he is still confined to his home with la grippe.

— New Hanover's efficent jailor, Capt. Robert M. Capps, is confined to his home by a severe attack of rheumatism.

— Esquire W. McD. Evans continues very ill at his home on North Third street. It is thought he has pneumonia.

— Mr. D. H. Jenkins, of Caroleen, N. C., arrived yesterday to be a few days with his family, who are spending the Winter in Wilmington.

— Yesterday afternoon's Fayetteville *Observer* says: "We are glad to learn that both Mr. A. J. Cook and Capt. W. H. Pemberton, who are at the Marsh-Highsmith Sanitarium, are better to-day."

— Messrs. J. L. Potter, C. F. Grunnell and G. A. Austin, of Fall River, Mass., came up last evening from the Cape Fear Fisheries, where they went on business.

CATHERINE KENNEDY HOME.

Contributions to the Catherine Kennedy Home for January, 1902: Mrs. H. F. Wilder, eggs, hominy, kindling; Mrs. Bridgers, coffee; Mrs. J. L. Cantwell, hominy, coffee; Mrs. Roger Moore, sugar; Ladies of W. C. T. U., cake; Miss Louise Harlow, sweet pickles; Mrs. Watters, bread; Mrs. C. C. Covington, tea; Mrs. Frank Andrews, spare ribs; W. E. Worth & Co., $7.50; a friend, $18.75; Mr. J. Hicks Bunting, medicine; Mr. R. R. Bellamy, medicine; Mr. Hintze, beef; Mr. J. F. Garrell, beef. Monthly meeting will be held Tuesday afternoon at 4 o'clock at the Home.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

OPERA HOUSE
Friday, February 7th.

Sousa
AND HIS BAND.
"The March King."
John Philip Sousa.
Prices $1 50, $1.00. Admission 75c. Gallery 50c.
feb 2 3t su we fr

Opera House
Wednesday, February 5th.
RAILROAD JACK.
12.....Big Specialties.....12
Funniest play ever written.
An Enormous South African Lion.
The most thrilling and hairbreadth climax ever produced on any stage.
Prices 10, 35, 25c. Gallery 15c. feb 2 3t

A Few Close-Outs.
$7 50 Mahogany Frame Silk Damask Seat Parlor and Reception Chairs at $5 00; $25 00 Quartered Golden Oak sideboard at $15 00; $35 00 Golden Oak Combination Sideboard and China Case at $27 50; $45.00 Genuine Lacquard Bed at $27 50; $7 50 Hall Chair, with Box, a $6 00; $10 00 Hall or Reception Chair at $9 00. Thirteen Ladies' Desks in Mahogany Bird's Eye Maple Quartered Golden Oak and Twentieth Century finish at 20 per cent. discount from spot cash price.
N. F. PARKER,
Furniture and Furniture Novelties,
Bell 'Phone 613 111 Market street.
feb 2 1f Inter-State 421.

Cold Halls and Cold Rooms
Can be made warm and comfortable with a GAS RADIATOR. Prices low.
No Trouble to Operate.
Wilmington Gas Light Co.,
27 North Front Street.
feb 2 1t

Evening Slippers
For Housewear or the Dance

Patent Leather or Kid.
A dozen styles to select from.
SOLOMON'S SHOE STORE.
feb 2 1f

Surprising Statistics.
A table showing results of saving if the amounts saved are deposited with The People's Savings Bank.

$ 1 a week for 5 years.	$ 265.00	$ 1 a week for 10 years.	$ 640.00
2 " " "	576.00	2 " " "	1,280.00
3 " " "	864.00	3 " " "	1,920.00
4 " " "	1,152.00	4 " " "	2,560.00
5 " " "	1,440.00	5 " " "	3,200.00
10 " " "	2,880.00	10 " " "	6,400.00
15 " " "	4,320.00	15 " " "	9,600.00

Why not open a savings account with us at once? We offer you an opportunity to place your savings where they will earn liberal interest and be perfectly safe, and yet be available at any time. "Ready money is a remedy for many ills."
The People's Savings Bank,
Opposite the Postoffice.
H. C. McQUEEN, President. JNO. S. ARMSTRONG, Vice President.
feb 2 1f F. W. DICK, Cashier.

Flour.
Jack Frost, Patent.
Also, the following straight Flours:
Lucile, Queen of the Kitchen, Electric Light and Home Comfort.
We also carry a full line of Canned Goods, in connection with our Stock of
Cakes, Candies, Cheese, Sardines, Starch, Salt, Snuff, Tobacco--Smoking and Chewing, Coffee and Mullets.
Which we offer to the trade at living prices.
Williams Bros.
feb 2 1f

Esquimaux
Don't have much use for stoves. A fire in the middle of a snow hut, with an infinitesimal hole for a chimney, is good enough for them. But such an arrangement wouldn't be considered "just the thing" in this latitude. Here people need stoves and we keep them for sale—Parlor Stoves, Kitchen Stoves, Small Bedroom Stoves, and many odd sorts. The prices are adapted to persons with non-millionairish purses, too.
We have, too, a complete stock of Hardware, Agricultural Implements, Ammunition, &c.
J. W. Murchison & Co.,
ORTON BUILDING.
dec 5 1f

LOOK OVER THIS LIST,
And see if there isn't some one of the articles mentioned you want. Chest Protectors, flannel lined, Hot Water Bottles from ½ pint to 3 quarts. The Woman's Delight Hot Water Bottle is a beauty. Invalid Spit Cups, Feeding Cups, Nose Cups, Ear Cleaner, Manicure Scissors, Rubber Sheeting, House Thermometer, guaranteed correct; Ginger Ale, best make. Hardin's White Pine and Tar will stop that Cough.
HARDIN'S PALACE PHARMACY.
feb 2 1f 126 South Front street.

Houlton Rose Potatoes.
191 Bags E. R. Potatoes.
410 Bushels Spring Oats.
319 Kegs Nails.
211 Barrels P. R. Molasses.
1903 Bushels Best Corn.
916 Bushels Va. Meal.
219 Bags Wheat Bran.
107 Boxes 24-cent Tobacco.
W. B. COOPER,
Wholesale Grocer,
308, 310, 312 Nutt street,
feb 2 1m Wilmington, N. C.

Valentines,
Valentines.
Boys and Girls Attention!
A beautiful assortment of Valentines just received.
Prices 1c, 2c, 3c, 5c, 10c to $1.0 each.
C. W. YATES & CO.,
Market Street.
feb 2 1f

The Goods are Right.
The Prices Are Right!
You want goods that sell.
Here they are if you give them a chance.
Renown Cigars 5 cents.
"Cuban Blossom" Cigars 5c.
"Cremo" Cigars 5c.
"Topical Twist" Cigars 5c.
"Portuando" Cigars 5c.
"Smokett" Cigars 5c.
"Silver Knight" Cigars 5c
"El Capitan" Cigars 10c.
"Star" Tobacco.
"Horse Shoe" Tobacco.
"Battle Ax" Tobacco.
"Schnappe" Tobacco.
"Foot Prints" Tobacco.
"Cabin Home" Tobacco.
Vollers & Hashagen.
Provisioners.
feb 2 1f

VALENTINES.
BOOKLETS,
NOVELTIES,
FANS,
CARDS, &c.
ROBERT C. DeROSSET,
107 Market St.
Bell 'Phone 36. feb 2 1f

Opera House
MONDAY, FEBRUARY 3RD.
RICHARDS & PRINGLE'S
FAMOUS
GEORGIA MINSTRELS.
35——PEOPLE——35.
Headed by BILLY KERSANDS.
A magnificent free street parade takes place daily at 2.30 P. M.
jan 31 3t

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 2.

CURRENCY REFORM.

When Mr. Carlisle was Secretary of the Treasury he was a zealous advocate of "divorcing the Government from the banking business," and Secretary Gage has been quite as zealous. He is really more of a currency reformer than Carlisle was because he is a more trained financier, knows more about banking, and has a better conception of the financial needs of the country than Secretary Carlisle had. But with all his urgent advocacy of currency reform and a better banking system he has not met with very much success.

At the last meeting of the Bankers' Association of New York in his address he dwelled with emphasis on some of the defects of our banking system and remarked that while phenomenal progress had been made in our manufactures, commerce, railroad management, &c., little or no progress had been made in our banking system, which is not adequate to the business demands of the country at all times nor able to adapt itself to sudden changes.

As far as supplying currency is concerned there has been some improvement since the passage of the act authorizing the establishment in small towns of banks with a capital of $25,000, but while this has increased the volume of currency it has not improved the system in other respects.

If we understand Secretary Gage's idea he favors a banking system possessing the advantages of the old State banks with the national feature of the present banking system, that is a system under United States law and supervision but not based on government bonds, nor otherwise connected with the government. In his advocacy of something else than government bonds as a basis of circulation, something which would provide a more elastic and flexible currency, he simply anticipates the time when this will become a matter of necessity, when the decreased volume of bonds will be insufficient to supply a basis for a currency that would amount to anything. This must be te case as the bonds mature and are redeemed, or the volume of bonds must be kept up and made perpetual. This was never intended, but on the contrary the national banking system was originally intended to be only temporary. By the refunding system, the issuing of new bonds for new loans, etc., the life of the banks has been prolonged beyond the period originally contemplated. In some respects it is a good system, in communities where the requirements of the system can be readily complied with. The merchant or other business man in cities where the banks are established enjoy the benefit of them, but outside of the large cities they do not meet the requirements or furnish the volume of money the people need, notwithstanding the fact that the *per capita* volume in circulation is now greater than it it has ever been. The bulk of this circulation is in the large cities where those banks are located. Whatever the *per capita* may be in the sections where these money centers are, there are sections of the country where the *per capita* in circulation doesn't amount to one-fourth of this alleged *per capita* circulation.

This is the case in much of the South and much of the West, and as a result the business men and the farmers of those sections, if they secure the money they need, have to pay rates of interest that no ordinary legitimate business can stand. This *per capita* circulation, of which there has been so much boasting, is a delusion. The money may be in existence, but it is not in circulation, and a very small portion of it is in circulation in some sections of the country, in sections, too, which have a good deal of use for it, and are very much cramped from the scarcity of it. There isn't a Fall, and has not been for many years, when the South and the West have not had to call on the Eastern banks and on the U. S. Treasury for money to help move the crops, and sometimes the crops have been delayed in their movement for weeks for want of this money, resulting in congestion of freights at freight centers, and in loss to producers from clogging the markets when the crops did begin to move.

There must at some time be a change in the banking system, a change that will let each State provide its own paper currency in such volume as its business may demand without being dependent upon the banks of other States, banks which can utilize something else than fluctuating bonds as a basis of circulation. There was such a banking system before the national banking system was established and it was destroyed because it was in the way of the national banks. Speaking of this the New York *Journal of Commerce and Commercial Bulletin*, a strong advocate of a better and more flexible currency system, says:

"One of the most pernicious delusion in the public mind is that the National Bank Act was passed to remedy the defects of State banking and a deposit of Government bonds was required on account of the losses through 'wild cat' and 'red dog' bank notes. Between 1830 and 1840 there was a great deal of reckless banking, more particularly in the West. Most of the States remedied the defects in their banking systems soon after 1840, and long before th Civil War this State, New England, Indiana, Louisiana and many other States had admirable banking systems. The National Bank Act was passed late in the Civil War, when it was difficult to float bonds, and it was hoped by this means to get a good share of the banking capital of the country into the Treasury. The hope was not realized so long as State banks could issue notes. These notes were so readily taken that it was complained in Congress that the National banks did not have a fair chance. The real trouble was that there was not sufficient inducement for banks to enter the National system. It was then that Congress imposed a prohibitory tax upon bank notes that were not secured by a deposit of Government bonds. The superiority of the National banks over the State banks was purely an afterthought.

The fact is the State banks which would have continued to supply the currency needed in sections where there would be few if any national banks were legislated out of existence to give the national banks a monopoly of bank notes, and they got it. In that same article, speaking of a paper published by Mr. L. Carroll Root, of Boston, on the New England State banks and what they did in supplying currency up to 1860, it says:

"Mr. Root has summarized the experience of the New England States from 1840 to 1860. The systems of the several States differed in many respects, but agreed in allowing notes to be issued against the general assets of the bank. The noteholder was not always preferred to the depositor if the bank failed. The maximum circulation permitted in proportion to capital was very high, so high that it had practically no influence; the only, and the sufficient, regulator of the volume of notes was redemption under what is known as the Suffolk Bank system. All bank notes had to be at par in Boston or they soon ceased to be available at home, and with every bank trying to keep its own circulation out and return the circulation of its rivals there was no danger of inflation.

"The average circulation for the twenty years was over $33,000,000; the average loss to noteholders was $42,000 a year. Mr. Root remarks that a tax of ¼ of 1 per cent. on circulation would have made good all losses. Even in the panic of 1857, when sixteen banks failed, a guarantee fund of 5 per cent. would have paid all the losses and 80 per cent. more.

In proportion to the population and resources New England was better supplied with banks for twenty years before the Civil War than she is now, and Mr. Root contrasts a summary statement of the Vermont and New Hampshire banks in 1855 with what would have been their statement had they been operating under the National bank law. Their loans and discounts were $14,750,000 and their bonds $250,000. Under the National bank system, with the full amount of circulation issued to them, their loans and discounts would have been $7,700,000 and their bonds $7,300,000. That comparison presents the whole question in a nutshell: shall the banks lend their capital to the Government or to the business community?

We had previous to the war a good banking system in North Carolina and other Southern States, where, while the *per capita* currency in circulation was not as large as the alleged *per capita* now, the volume was elastic and flexible, and supplied all the money the people needed on easy terms. Something like this is what the country needs now, whether the national banks continue in existence or not.

A BIG PLANT.

We have made frequent reference in these columns to the electric power plants projected in this State and to the admirable facilities the State, with its numerous power-furnishing streams, offers for the establishment of these plants. Already two have been completed, one on the Yadkin, which transmits power to Winston and Salem, and another on the French Broad river, which transmits power to Asheville. Work is also in progress on another colossal plant at the "Narrows" on the Yadkin, of which the Salisbury *Sun* speaks as follows:

"The Whitney Reduction Company is developing at the narrows of the Yadkin river, and within twenty-five miles of Salisbury, a water power of forty-five thousand horse power capacity, which, within two years, will distribute electrical horse power to the cities of Salisbury, Charlotte, Concord, Lexington, Thomasville, High Point and several smaller cities, with Salisbury as central point of distribution. The cost of horse power when this work is completed will be in the neighborhood of twenty dollars per annum for twenty-four hour service. The cost of installing this plant will be in the neighbood of four million dollars."

There are many streams besides the Yadkin capable of furnishing power that might be transmitted from twenty to fifty miles. There are the Roanoke, capable of furnishing a practically unlimited amount of power, Haw river, the Dan river, Smith river, Deep river, and passing the Yadkin, the Catawba, the French Broad and others, every one of which are power-furnishing streams and some of them of practically unlimited capacity. Many of them, if not all of them, will in time be utilized to furnish electric power to the surrounding country.

It is said that eight or ten years ago John A. Bunting, who lately rode into New York in his own parlor car, and can draw his check for $1,000,000, was a brakeman on a California railroad. He happened to have a little money saved and lent $170 to a fellow-workman, taking as security a cheap watch and a mortgage on forty acres of poor land in California. The debt wasn't paid and the mortgage was foreclosed. Later oil was struck, that land was in the oil belt and J. A. B. was in it. Then he threw up his job as brakeman.

Can You Blame Her

If at last she tires of the fault finding of a dyspeptic husband and leaves him? The worst of the dyspeptic is that he does not realize his own meanness. His world is entirely out of perspective.

Dyspepsia and other diseases of the stomach and organs of digestion and nutrition are perfectly and permanently cured by the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It cures the worst forms of the disease. It cures when all other medicines have failed to benefit.

Accept no substitute for Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. There is no other medicine for the stomach, blood and lungs, which can show so wide and wonderful a record of cures. It always helps. It almost always cures.

"I can say to you, one bottle of your 'Golden Medical Discovery' has cured me sound and well, after suffering two long years with stomach disease," writes Mr. W. H. Braswell, of McAdenville, Gaston Co., North Carolina. "My health is worth all the world to me. I will praise you as long as I live."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, in paper binding, is sent *free* on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to pay expense of mailing *only*, or if cloth-bound volume is desired send 31 stamps. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

INDUSTRIAL PROGRESS.

The New York *Journal of Commerce*, which keeps pretty close track of the industrial progress in the South, recently published some statistics, which Congressman Richardson used in a speech in the House which the Dallas, Texas, *News* quotes as follows. He said:

"In spite of the circumstances that have operated to discourage the investment of capital in the South, its cotton mills represented in 1900 a money value of $150,000,000 against $61,000,000 a decade earlier; the consumption of cotton in these mills is 1,597,112, against 546,894 bales in 1890. The number of spindles employed in 1900 was 6 200,000, against 1,712,930 bales in 1890. The railroad mileage in the South has incresed in the same ten years from 42,825 miles to 53,000 miles. The amount of cool which is mined has increased from 21,500 to 48,192,063 tons, and the amount of pig iron produced from 1,953,459 to 2,604,671 tons. The same ten years saw an increase in value of the agricultural products of the South from $566,000,000 to $1,900,000,000, and in the value of exports from Southern ports from $315,021,008 to $530,317,545.' To these figures he added some statistics of later date. Among this that the South consumes in its cotton mills 45.17 per cent of the cotton bales used by the factories of the United States. Northern mills in the year ending last August consumed 1,966,897 bales; Southern mills used 1,620,931. The significance of these figures is understood when it is added that ten years ago the Northern mills took 2,190,760 bales and the Southern only 686,080."

There has been much said and written about the South eventually becoming the center of the cotton manufacturing industry in this country. The rapid increase of consumption by Southern mills compared with the consumption by Northern mills, should leave very little room for doubt on that question. Of course, this will take time, but it is about as sure to come as anything is that is still an unaccomplished fact.

Another thing, is almost as certain and that is that the South (with the main output in North Carolina) will eventually, and at no distant day, either, be the center of the furniture manufacturing industry and will control not only the domestic trade but the exports of furniture. From the rapidity with which furniture making plants are multiplying, they will be compelled to seek foreign markets.

CURRENT COMMENT

—— Talking to each other, by ships at sea 125 miles apart, is now one of the every day miracles science has made possible, so easy. So well explained are these wonders that they cease from being wonderful and fall into the list of commonplaces.—*Chattanooga Times, Ind.*

—— God created the continent filled the mountains with mineral treasure, made the valleys fruitful and the climate salubrious. It is a wonderful country, and wonderfully blessed. But there are those among us who forget God and only remember Dingley.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

——At a mass mesting in Chicago the other night it was resolved to send President Kruger an invitation, signed by five hundred people, to visit Chicago on June 26th, the date of the coronation of Edward VII. It would be just like Chicago to pull off a counter coronation in one of the packing houses.—*Atlanta Journal, Dem.*

Blown to Atoms.

The old idea that the body sometimes needs a powerful, drastic, purgative pill has been exploded, for Dr. King's New Life Pills, which are perfectly harmless, gently stimulate liver and bowels to expel poisonous matter, cleanse the system and absolutely cure Constipation and Sick Headache. Only 25 cents, at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store. †

For Over Sixty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over sixty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, soften the gums, and allays all pain; cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

HER LITTLE BOY.

"Always a little boy to her."
No matter how old he's grown,
Her eyes are blind to the strands of gray,
She's deaf to his manly tone.
His voice is the same as the day he asked
"What makes the old cat purr?"
Ever and ever he's just the same—
A little boy to her.

"Always a little boy to her."
She heeds not the lines of care
That furrow his face—to her it is still
As it was in his boyhood, fair.
His hopes and joys are as dear to her
As they were in his small-doy days,
He never changes; to her he's still
"My little boy," she says.

"Always a little boy to her."
And to him she's the mother fair,
With the laughing eyes and the cheering smile
Of the boyhood days back there.
Back there, somewhere in the mist of years—
Back there with the childish joy.
And to her he is never the man we see,
But always "her little boy."

"Always a little boy to her,"
The ceaseless march of years
Gets rapidly by, but its drumbeats die
Ere ever they reach her ears.
The smile that she sees is the smile of youth,
The wrinkles are dimples of joy,
His hair with its gray is as sunny as May,
He is always "her little boy."

—*Pearson's Weekly.*

SUNDAY SERVICES.

Christian Science service, Masonic Temple, Room 10, this morning at 11 o'clock. Subject of Bible lesson—Spirit.

Service at St. James' church; the presentation of Christ in the temple, Litany, Holy Communion, sermon 11 o'clock, Sunday school 3:45 P. M., evening prayer 5 o'clock.

Services in St. John's church to-day. Feast of the Purification, by the rector, Rev. Dr. Carmichael. Litany, sermon and Holy communion at 11 A. M. Sunday school 3:30 P. M.

St. Paul's Lutheran church, Sixth and Market streets, Rev. A. G. Voigt, D. D., pastor. English services to-day at 11 A. M., and 7:30 P. M. Sunday school at 3:30 P. M. Everybody cordially invited.

St. Matthew's English Lutheran church, North Fourth street above Bladen, Rev. C. W. Kegley pastor. Sunday school at 9:45 A. M., preaching at 11 A. M. and services at 7:30 P. M. All seats free and every person welcome.

SUNDAY SELECTIONS.

— Eternity is pay day with God.

— Selfishness is the substance of sin, and sorrow its shadow.

— "The waste of the world would erase the need of the world."

— Charm strikes the sight, but merit wins the soul.—*Pope.*

— Why should you care for the opinion of men if you are sure of the favor of God?

— The three things most difficult to do are—to keep a secret, to forget an injury, and to make a good use of leisure.

— The man who in this world can keep the whiteness of his soul is not likely to lose it in any other.—*Alexander Smith.*

— The life of little children is the most blessed and the best of all, for they have no temporal cares * * * have only pure thoughts and joyful speculations.—*Martin Luther.*

—"The preacher who had a great congregation of hungry souls before him, and sepnt the hour in frothy and inconsequential talk, missed an opportunity which an angel might covet."

— If you desire heaven you must win it; for heaven is a temper, not a place. * * You must win it by that obedience to God's laws which nothing but the grace of Christ can enable you to to render.

— First fill yourselves with the spirit of good deeds. * * * then shed abroad—then you must shed abroad—the influence of that thing which is in you, a part of the very life. Much as we may need to fill the sphere in which we move with what is best and brightest, we more need first to fill ourselves, and then we shall fill or sphere. Become sweetness and light, and we give them inevitably.—*J. F. W. Ware.*

— What is going to be our truth for the New Year? Is it not that the love which has never deserted us shall come closer to us, because it finds us readier to receive it,—making us better, stronger, purer, nobler, more manly, more womanly, more fit for life; not because God loves us any more, but because we, with new openness, are more ready to receive Him into our lives.—*Phillips Brooks.*

TWINKLINGS.

—"Now my little girl, can you tell me the quickest way to get to Mr. Giles' farm?" "To run, sir."—*Westminster Budget.*

— Boy—Do you want a good, smart boy, sir? Shopkeeper—No! I do all the work myself. Boy—Well, that's just the kind of a job I'd like.—*Life.*

— A Post Graduate—"Is Jenkins a college man?" "I guess so; he knows more about mixing tobacco and fancy drinks than anyone else I know."—*Town Topics.*

— Don't you appreciate the opportunity of voting?" "I sho'ly does," answered Mr. Erastus Pinkley. "De only trouble is dat de job ain't stiddy enough."—*Washington Star.*

— Honest Indignation: What, sir; you take me for one who can be bribed? You insult my sense of honor—but in case I really were such a man, how much would you give me?—*Tit-Bits.*

—What He Had Saved: Mr. Jones—"I haven't saved a dollar since I married you." Mrs. Jones—"What an idea! You've saved nearly half of what you had in the bank at that time!"—*Puck.*

— "Cholly Chalk isn't a bit of use," sneered the girl who danced. "Indeed he is then," said the hostess; "he has been sitting there hiding the tear in the sofa all the evening."—*Chicago Daily News.*

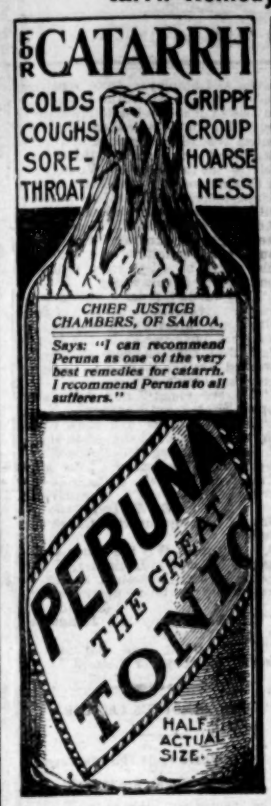
— George—"And if things do not go well with us the first year, darling, I—hem—presume your father will not see us suffer?" Birdie (sighing)—"No, dear, poor papa's eye-sight is growing rapidly worse even now."—*Tit-Bits.*

— "In the Southern part of California they seldom have any rainy days," said the mamma. "Well, they don't have to save up much, do they, mamma?" said little Elsie.—*Yonkers Statesman.*

Dr. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION FOR WEAK WOMEN.

NATIONAL CELEBRITIES

Declare Peruna to Be The Greatest Catarrh Remedy of The Age.



Hon. M. C. Butler, ex-Governor of South Carolina, in a letter from Washington, D. C., says: "I can recommend Peruna for dyspepsia and stomach trouble. I have been using your medicine for a short period and I feel very much relieved. It is indeed a wonderful medicine, and besides, a great tonic."

U. S. Senator Stephen R. Mallory, Pensacola, Fla., says: "I have used your excellent remedy, Peruna, and can recommend it both as a tonic and a safe catarrh remedy."

Hon. William Youngblood, Auditor for the Interior, writes from Washington, D. C., to Dr. Hartman, Columbus, O., as follows: "I've often heard of your great medicine and have persuaded my wife, who has been much of a sufferer from catarrh, to try Peruna, and after using one bottle she has wonderfully improved. It has proved all you have claimed for it."

Hon. Rufus B. Merchant, Superintendent and Disbursing Officer, U. S. Post-office, Washington, D. C., says: "I take pleasure in commending your tonic, having taken a bottle of Peruna with very beneficial results. It is recommended to me as a very excellent catarrh cure."

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Greensboro *Telegram*: By actual count High Point now has 45 factories, including the two in the course of erection.

— Smithfield *Herald*: A few days ago one lot of 1,225 pounds of tobacco was sold for over $400, averaging about 34 cents per pound.

— Monroe *Enquirer*; Mr. Thos. D. Helms died at his home in Marshville township on Sunday, January 26th, 1902, after being sick about two weeks.

— Maxton *Scottish Chief*: Last week two barns were burned over the line in Scotland county. Both entailed heavy and almost irreparable losses this hard Winter. Both point strongly to incendiary origin.

— Durham *Herald*: News reached the city Thursday afternoon of the death of Mr. James H. Webb, of Granville county. He died Thursday at his home near Tallyho. The deceased was one of Granville county's best known citizens.

— Fayetteville *Observer*: John Henry Alexander, who on Monday night shot and fatally wounded Vina Freeman, on Mumford street, was captured at Cameron Thursday, and is now in jail at that place.

— Littleton *Reporter*: The shuttle block factory opens a purse to those who own dogwood and persimmon, which will enable them to gather in during the next few months ready ready cash to assist in passing over the difficulties brought about by the unfavorable seasons of last year.

— Sanford *Express*: Mormon Elders were, until about two years ago very active in this section, but we have heard nothing from them of late. A few years ago they organized a church near Cameron with some twenty five or thirty members, also one near Jones' Chapel, but it seems that these organizations have disbanded and renounced Mormonism.

— Wadesboro *Messenger-Intelligencer*: After a lingering illness, Mr. Frank Crowder died at his home in Morven Sunday, aged about 76 years.

—— Mr. John Brown, who lived below McFarlan, just across the line in Chesterfield county, S. C., died very suddenly Sunday afternoon. He was sitting in a chair when he fell forward and died at once.

— Wilson *Times*: The tobbaco crop this year will be somewhat increased over last year, but not so much as last year was an increase over 1900, simply because there is not sufficient labor in the country to handle it. While nearly every farmer feels that tobacco will be high in price next Fall and would like to increase, yet experience has taught him that it is simply throwing away money to plant more than he has labor to handle.

— Morehead *Coaster*: Sunday night while Mr. and Mrs. Martin Royal, of Marshallberg, were sitting in the dining room of their residence, the girls being at church, some one entered one of the front rooms and stole a purse containing $500. They heard some one in the front part of the house, and went to see about it, but as the wind was blowing hard they concluded it was only the wind. Next morning, needing some cash, Mrs Royal went to get it, when she found the purse gone, and no trace of other things being molested.

— Greensboro *Record*: A man who purchased some of it last evening took a sample of shipstuff to police headquarters to be examined. In appearance it looks like finely ground saw dust. A match was applied to it and it smelled exactly like corn cobs when burning. It is the opinion of those who made only an examination with the naked eye that it is composed of corn stalks, cobs and saw dust ground together, with perhaps a few grains of oats to the bushel. It was purchased from a groceryman in Greensboro, and will be chemically analyzed. Not long ago G. Will Armfield had a horse to die after eating stuff like this, and he is satisfied this is what killed him.

It Dazzles the World.

No discovery in medicine has ever created one quarter of the excitement that has been caused by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. It's severest tests have been on hopeless victims of Consumptions, Pneumonia, Hemorrhage, Pleurisy and Bronchitis, thousands of whom it has restored to perfect health. For Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Croup, Hay Fever, Hoarseness and Whooping Cough it is the quickest, surest cure in the world. It is sold by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist, who guarantees satisfaction or refund the money. Large bottles 50 cents and $1.00. Trial bottles free. †

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute		@	6½
Standard		@	7½
Burlaps	6	@	6½
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔	12½	@	14
Sides ℔	9	@	10
Shoulders ℔	9	@	9½
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔	9½	@	9½
Shoulders ℔	9	@	9½
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 35	@	1 35
Second-hand machine	1 35	@	1 35
New New York, each		@	1 35
New City, each		@	1 35
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	6 50	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔	15	@	18
Northern	22	@	28
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks	78½	@	81
Virginia Meal	80½	@	81
COTTON TIES ℔ bundle	1 25	@	1 30
CANDLES— ℔			
Sperm	18	@	22
Adamantine	8	@	11
COFFEE— ℔			
Laguyra	11	@	12½
Rio	8	@	11
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	6½
Yarns, ℔ bunch of 5 lbs		@	90
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-bbl	8 00	@	10 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 50	@	3 75
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	6 00	@	7 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔	6	@	10
" Extra	4 00	@	5 00
FLOUR— ℔			
Low grade	3 25	@	3 40
Choice	3 75	@	4 00
Straights	3 85	@	3 75
First Patent	5 00	@	5 25
GLUE— ℔	8	@	10
GRAIN— ℔ bushel			
Corn, from store, bgs—White	86	@	88
Mixed Corn	84	@	86
Oats, from store (mixed)	60	@	62½
Oats, Rust Proof	75	@	80
Cow Peas	90	@	1 00
HOOP IRON ℔ ℔		@	3
CHEESE— ℔			
Northern Factory	13½	@	14
Dairy Cream	12	@	13½
Half Cream	10	@	10½
LARD. ℔ ℔			
Northern	8½	@	12½
North Carolina	10	@	12½
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 10	@	1 25
PORK. ℔ barrel—			
City Mess		@	18 50
Rump		@	18 50
Prime		@	18 00
ROPE. ℔ ℔	11	@	12
SALT, ℔ sack, Alum		@	1 25
Liverpool		@	90
American		@	90
On 125 ℔ Sacks	50	@	60
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Gran'd	4 90	@	5 40
Standard A	4½	@	5
White Extra C	4¼	@	4¾
Extra C, Golden	4¼	@	4¼
C Yellow	4	@	4½
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M ft—			
ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hogshead		@	32
Barbadoes, in barrels		@	31
Porto Rico, in hogsheads	29	@	31
Porto Rico, in barrels	29	@	33

MARINE DIRECTORY

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., February 2.

STEAMSHIPS.

Wingrove, (Br) 1,818 tons, Watson, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

SCHOONERS.

D J Sawyer, 288 tons, Kelly, George Harriss, Son & Co.

C C Lister, 267 tons, Moore, George Harriss, Son & Co.

Edgar C Ross, 380 tons, Quillin, George Harriss, Son & Co.

Cumberland, 349 tons, Littlejohn, George Harriss, Son & Co.

Nellie W Howlett, 493 tons, Mumford, George Harriss, Son & Co.

McClure, (Br) 191 tons, Weston, J T Riley & Co.

Fannie Reiche, 440 tons, Buckaloo, George Harriss, Son & Co.

BARQUES.

Victoria, (Swd) 509 tons, Erickson, Heide & Co.

Anders, (Swd) 536 tons, ——, Heide & Co.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

W. & W. Railroad—68 bales cotton.

W. C. & A. Railroad—90 bales cotton.

A. & Y. Railroad—15 barrels tar.

Steamer Highlander—1 bale cotton, 6 casks spirits turpentine, 190 barrels tar.

Steamer C. M. Whitlock—36 barrels tar, 1 barrel crude turpentine.

Steamer Compton—3 bales cotton, 6 barrels tar.

Total—184 bales cotton, 6 casks spirits turpentine, 17 barrels rosin, 231 barrels tar, 1 barrel crude turpentine.

For Whooping Cough use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

For sale by Hardin's Palace Pharmacy.)

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

(Quoted officially at the closing of the Produce Exchange.)

STAR OFFICE, February 1.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Nothing doing.

ROSIN—Market firm at $1.10 per barrel for strained and $1.15 per barrel for good strained.

TAR—Market quiet at $1.30 per barrel of 280 pounds.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market strong at $1.35 per barrel for hard, $2.50 for dip, and —— for virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine nothing doing; rosin nothing doing; tar steady at $1.25; crude turpentine steady at $1.30 @2 30.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine	6
Rosin	17
Tar	231
Crude turpentine	1

Receipts same day last year—40 casks spirits turpentine, 265 barrels rosin, 471 barrels tar, 15 barrels crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 7⅜c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	6¼	cts.	℔
Good ordinary	6¾	"	"
Low middling	7¼	"	"
Middling	7¾	"	"
Good middling	8 3-16	"	"

Same day last year, market quiet at 9½c for middling.

Receipts—184 bales; same day last year, 363.

(Corrected Regularly by Wilmington Produce Commission Merchants, prices representing those paid for produce consigned to Commission Merchants.)

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina, firm. Prime, 70c; extra prime, 75c; fancy, 80c, per bushel of twenty-eight pounds. Virginia—Prime, 60c; extra prime, 65c; fancy, 70c. Spanish, 70@75c.

CORN—Firm; 85@87½c per bushel for white.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 14@15c per pound; shoulders, 12½@13c; sides, 12½@13c.

EGGS—Dull at 18c per dozen.

CHICKENS—Dull. Grown, 20@25c; springs, 10@18c.

TURKEYS—Dressed, firm at 12@14c; live, 9@10c.

BEESWAX—Firm at 26c.

TALLOW—Firm at 5½@6¼c per pound.

SWEET POTATOES—Firm at 60@65c per bushel.

Cotton and Naval Stores.

MONTHLY STATEMENT.

RECEIPTS.

For month of January, 1901.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude
25,119	693	12,936	8,397	1,540

RECEIPTS.

For month of January, 1900.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
16,075	1,044	17,876	9,473	1,607

EXPORTS.

For month of January, 1901.

	Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude
Domestic	441	1,108	176	7,479	1,460
Foreign	23,938	1	15 327	1 547	....
	24 379	1 109	15,503	9,026	1,460

EXPORTS.

For month of January, 1900.

	Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
Domestic	4,180	1,451	191	5,071	1,115
Foreign	9 901	....	9 942	600	333
	13,990	1,451	10,133	5,671	1,448

STOCKS.

Ashore and Afloat February 1, 1902.

	Ashore.	Afloat.	Total.
Cotton	8,360	8 624	16,985
Spirits	439	103	542
Rosin	20,165	6,441	26 606
Tar	6,1 8	510	6,618
Crude	944	....	944

STOCKS.

Ashore and Afloat February 1, 1900.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude
9,230	735	43 855	12 567	790

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—Money on call—The market was steady at 2¼ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4@4¼ per cent. Sterling exchange was quoted steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at 487¼ for demand and at 484¾ for sixty days. The posted rates were 485 and 488. Commercial bills 483¼@484¼. Bar silver 55¾. Mexican dollars 44¼. Government bonds weak. State bonds easier. Railroad bonds were steady. U. S. refunding 2's, registered, 108¼; U. S. refunding 2's, coupon, 108¼; U. S. 3's, reg'd, 108¼; do. coupon, ex int. 108¼; U. S. 4's, new registered, 139; do. coupon 140; U. S. 4's, old registered, 111¾; do. coupon, 111¾; U. S. 5's reg'd, 106; do. coupon, ex int. 106¼; Southern Railway, 5's, 120. Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio 103; Chesapeake & Ohio 45¾; Manhattan L 135¼; New York Central 161⅝; Reading 56¼; do. 1st preferred 81¾; do. 2nd preferred 62¾; St. Paul 164; do. pref'd, 187; Southern R'way 33; do. pref'd 94½; Amalgamated Copper 78¼; Am'n Tobacco —; People's Gas 99¾; Sugar 125⅞; Tennessee Coal and Iron 63¼; U. S. Leather 11¾; do. pref'd, 80¾; Western Union 91; U. S. Steel 43⅝; do. preferred 93¼; Mexican National 17⅛; American Locomotive 32¾; do. preferred 92¾; Standard Oil 645@650; Virginia-Carolina Chemical Co., 60; do. preferred, 120

BALTIMORE, Feb. 1.—Seaboard Air Line, common, 24¼@24½; do. preferred, 46@46¼; do 4s 84½ asked.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—Rosin steady. Strained common to good $1 50@1 55. Spirits turpentine easy at 44¼@44¾c.

CHARLESTON, Feb. 1.—Spirits turpentine firm and unchanged. Rosin unchanged.

SAVANNAH, Feb. 1.—Spirits turpentine, nothing doing; receipts 251 casks; sales — barrels; exports 220 casks. Rosin firm; receipts 3,363 barrels; sales 2 345 barrels; exports 463 barrels Quote: A, B, C, D, $1 25; E, $1 30; F, $1 35; G, $1 40; H, $1 45; I, $1 70; K, $2 25; M, $2 65; N, $3 25; W G, $3 65; W W, $3 85.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—Cotton futures opened quiet with prices unchanged to two points higher and for the next hour followed a most interesting course with operations much of the time practically at a still. Rather firmer Liverpool cables than expected were fully offset by large port receipts. The latter were close to 28,000 bales and included a clearance of 11,110 bales from Pensacola expected to be reported yesterday. The room contingent was wary and refused to take on new responsibilities over Sunday. The speculative public was indifferent. There was nothing of special interest in the advices from the crop country and private Liverpool cables were equally destitute of feature. The weather chart indicated an improvement in climatic conditions in the South, though in some localities the weather was still against the unrestricted movement of cotton. Wall street and room shorts picked up straggling lots of May and July cotton after the call; local longs sold as a mere matter of precaution. The New Orleans market kept in close harmony with the slight changes made here but orders from that point were very scarce. The West bought a few lots of March; Europe operated in an indifferent way on both sides of the market. The market closed quiet and steady with prices net two to six points higher.

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—Cotton quiet at 8¼c; net receipts 732 bales; gross receipts 11,754 bales; stock 120,368 bales.

Spot cotton closed quiet; middling uplands 8¼c; middling gulf 8½c; sales 150

PUZZLE PICTURE.

WHERE IS THE MAN THE BOYS ARE SNOWBALLING?

COAL AND WOOD!

WE ARE NOW OFFERING

THE BEST QUALITY AND THE CLEANEST COAL ON THE MARKET. FIRST CLASS

Blackjack, Split Oak, Ash, Pine and Lightwood.

Our Wood we Guarantee

To be perfectly DRY, regardless of weather.

Prices, Weights and Measures Guaranteed.

Give us a trial order and judge for yourself.

The Coal, Cement and Supply Co.,

214 South Front Street.

BELL 'PHONE 645. INTERSTATE 72.

nov 24 tf

READ THIS

Commencing Saturday Morning at 8 O'clock

Our entire stock of over 3,000 PAIRS OF SHOES will be offered the retail trade at a very low price. Sale will continue all day Saturday and Monday.

THIS IS THE PLACE.

LEVI McMILLAN & CO.,

IN BRICK BUILDING ON

Fourth and Campbell Streets.

jan 30 tf

The Murchison National Bank,

Of Wilmington, N. C.,

H. C. McQUEEN, President. J. V. GRAINGER, Cashier

Assets $1,000,000.00.

Prompt and reliable service. Security. Every possible facility.

UNITED STATES, STATE AND CITY DEPOSITORY.

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K. M. MURCHISON	N. JACOBI,	A. B. NICHOLS,
J. V. GRAINGER,	J. C. STEVENSON,	T. M. EMERSON,
M. J. CORBETT,	R. W. WALLACE,	J. A. SPRINGER,
W. B. COOPER,	JNO. F. McNAIR,	H. C. McQUEEN.

jan 9 tf

TAKE NOTICE!

That deposits made on or before Saturday, February 1st, will bear interest from that date, payable at our June 1st quarter.

We have a few Safety Deposit Boxes vacant. Price $4 per year.

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Company,

108 Princess Street.

J. W. NORWOOD, President. H. WALTERS, Vice President.
C. E. TAYLOR, Jr., Cashier

jan 26 tf

OLD NEWSPAPERS.

You Can Buy Old Newspapers in Quantities to Suit, at the STAR OFFICE

Suitable for Wrapping Paper and Excellent for Placing Under Carpet

Maxton Building and Loan Association,

MAXTON N. C

DIRECTORS:

J. D. CROOM, MAXTON.
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J. B. WEATHERLY, MAXTON.
W. H. BERNARD, WILMINGTON.
M. G. MCKENZIE, MAXTON.

Initiation fee, 25 cents per share.
Subscriptions to stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per share.
The management is prudent and economical—as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars. J. D. CROOM President.

Early Rose Seed Potatoes

Seed Oats,
Seed Wheat,
Salt, Molasses,

Bagging and Ties.

Lime, Cement, Nails,
Grain and Hay,

A general line of Groceries of best quality and fair prices.

The Worth Company.

jun 19 tf

"WE WILL BOND YOU."

The United States Fidelity and Guaranty Company.

Home Office, - BALTIMORE, MD.

Paid up Cash Capital, $1,500,000.00

Surety Bonds of every description.
FIDELITY. CONTRACT. JUDICIAL
Judicial bonds executed without delay.

C. D. WEEKS,
General Agent,
Smith Building, Wilmington, N. C.
Correspondence solicited. nov 28 tm

SOUL OF LIFE IS LOVE.

The world is a sterile cliff,
But love is like the dew
That falls upon it, and the moss
Like life springs from the two.
It creepeth o'er the barren stone
Till all the place be verdant grown.

The world is as a blasted oak,
But love is like the vine
That trails it o'er; its sunlit leaves
Like life the two entwine.
The trunk is green that erst was bare,
And blossoms kiss it everywhere.

The world is as a clouded sea,
But love is like the sun
That steals along the murky ways
And brightens every one.
O'er gloom is golden glory flung,
And sunbeams sport the waves among.

—Charles Eugene Banks in Rockford (Ills.) Register-Gazette.

SHE WAS A FINANCIAL GENIUS.

How Mr. Newlywed's Mother-in-law Ran the House.

"I have heard many queer stories about mothers-in-law," remarked Mr. Newlywed, addressing several of his bachelor friends, "but my mother-in-law is a wonder. She is a financial wizard and should be down in Wall street these days. When Birdie and I returned from our wedding trip, her mother suggested that we should live together and that we should share the expenses. She said she wanted to feel independent. I consented. Mother—Birdie's, not mine—suggested that she should pay the rent of the apartment and that we should pay her $25 a week for our board. The rent was $100 a month. So the plan seemed a fair one, and four weeks ago we went to live under the same roof. Today I received a bill from a grocer for $96, one from the butcher for $35, a gas bill for $8.50 and an ice bill for $9.25, besides several other small bills. The total represented the first month's expenses. As I had the day before paid to dear mother-in-law $100 for four weeks board, I was somewhat surprised."

Newlywed's three bachelor friends, who had been listening to his tale of woe, nodded encouragingly, and he resumed:

"I went to mamma-in-law and in my sweetest manner said: 'Mother, dear, these bills were intended for you. They were sent to me by mistake.' She glanced over them and exclaimed: 'Oh, no. They represent your share of the expenses for the month. I paid the rent.'

"'But I paid you $100 for our board for four weeks.'

"'Yes,' responded mother-in-law, 'but I paid $100 for the rent, and you must pay the bills.'

"'But I gave you the $100 which you paid to the landlord,' I exclaimed.

"'Of course you did, but I paid the rent. I have lived up to my agreement to pay the rent. You must pay the bills.'

"I was dazed for a moment," said Newlywed, "and then I urged upon her that it was my money that had gone to the landlord. She only replied with a smile that she had lived up to her contract and had paid $100 rent and hoped I would be honorable and pay all the bills. I became somewhat excited and said my $100 went to the landlord, and if I had to pay all the bills what share of the expenses came out of her pocket.

"'The rent money,' she responded.

"'But it was my money,' I retorted, and that was more than dear mamma-in-law could stand for. She gave me a scornful glance, muttered something like 'fool' and left the room." Newlywed remarked in conclusion: "She is a financial wizard, dear mamma-in-law, as you see. The rent and all the money for expenses come out of my pocket, yet she insists she has paid the rent."

HARD ON SMOKERS.

Old Time Legislation Against the Use of Tobacco.

It is one of the curiosities of old time legislation that the use of tobacco was in early colonial days regarded by the magistrates and elders as far more injurious, degrading and sinful than that of intoxicating liquors. Both the use and the planting of the weed were forbidden, the cultivation of it being permitted only in small quantities, "for meere necessitie, for phisick, for preservation of the health, and that the same be taken privately by ancient men." But the "creature called tobacko" seemed to have an indestructible life. Mrs. Alice M. Earle writes of these early restrictions about tobacco in "Stagecoach and Tavern Days:"

Landlords were ordered not to "suffer any tobacco to be taken into their houses" on penalty of a fine to the "victualler" and another to "the party that takes it." The laws were constantly altered and enforced, and still tobacco was grown and was smoked. No one could take it "publicquely" nor in his own house or anywhere else before strangers. Two men were forbidden to smoke together.

No one could smoke within two miles of the meeting house on the Sabbath day. There were wicked backsliders who were caught smoking around the corner of the meeting house and others on the street, and they were fined and set in the stocks and in cages.

Until within a few years there were New England towns where tobacco smoking in the streets was prohibited, and innocent cigar loving travelers were astounded at being requested to cease smoking.

Mr. Drake wrote in 1886 that he knew men, then living, who had had to plead guilty or not guilty in a Boston police court for smoking in the streets of Boston.

In Connecticut in early days a great indulgence was permitted to travelers—a man could smoke once during a journey of ten miles.

HE DID HIS BEST.

Celebrated Musician's Adventure in a Swiss Country Village.

The late Sir John Stainer, one of England's most celebrated musicians and composers, was several years ago in a small Swiss village, and the English clergyman was on the lookout for a musician to assist at the service. Stainer was in the smoking room of the hotel when the clergyman found him and started the conversation with "Do you play the harmonium?" "A little," was the reply of the ex-organist of St. Paul's cathedral. "Will you, then, be good enough to help us out of our difficulty on Sunday? We will read the psalms, and the hymns shall be the simplest I can select," added the delighted parson. "I will do my best," said Stainer, with a smile.

The service passed off all right, but the congregation, instead of rushing away at the close, listened to a brilliant recital. When the parson heard the name of his assistant, he asked him to dinner. "Do you smoke?" he said at the close. "I will do my best," muttered Stainer, and the ensuing laughter was the prologue of an entertaining exchange of Oxford reminiscences.

Stainer was a great story teller. One anecdote he was fond of relating had reference to the days when there were amateur orchestras in churches. The "Messiah" was being sung, and as the line "Who is the King of Glory?" approached the man playing double bass whispered to the violoncellist in front of him, "Let us have your rosin, and I will show 'em who is the king of glory!"—London Tit-Bits.

He Was a Single Man.

"No," said the landlady. "We cannot accommodate you. We only take in single gentlemen."

"Goodness!" replied Mr. Marryat. "What makes you think I'm twins?"—Philadelphia Record.

For Asthma use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

For sale by Hardin's Palace Pharmacy.

SOME SPIDER STORIES.

The Trapping of a Mouse and the Landing of a Fish.

"It is a curious fact that these floating threads from the webs of spiders will take the bining off a gun barrel. I have been unable to find out why," says Harry Sutherland in Ainslee's. "The threads of the big tropical spiders are distinctly bitter to the taste, but though the first thought a man has when he tastes anything bitter is that it must be good for medicine, the only use the healing art makes of spiders' webs is to use them to stanch the flow of blood. The kind of web used for that grows under the counters of groceries, and it was one of these spiders that caught a mouse.

"I will admit, right in the beginning, that this looks like a pretty large story, but it is substantiated by no less a personage than the late Proctor Knott, who was then governor of Kentucky, though his greater claim to fame was his speech in congress about Duluth, "the zenith city of the unsalted seas," as he humorously called it, which is very far indeed from being anything nowadays but a plain statement of fact, as he lived to see. Governor Knott made a signed statement of the event and sent it to Professor McCook, whose authority on the spider question nobody will dispute. He saw the spider shortly after she had snared the mouse by the end of its tail and while it was still alive and struggling half way off the ground, and he saw it after it had been hoisted nine inches from the floor and all wrapped up in silk. He calls particular attention to the way the spider kept stirring up the mouse by biting it so as to get another line on it.

"And this adventure with a mouse is not the only case on record where spiders have done deeds of high enterprise. The Hon. David E. Evans of Batavia, N. Y., saw a striped snake nine inches long caught and killed by a spider, its mouth shut up with threads of silk and its tail tied to a knot so as to form a loop through which was reeved a cord as strong as sewing silk made of multiplied threads and run up over a sort of pulley of which a dead fly was the core.

"Maybe you think that is a pretty able-bodied yarn, but what do you call the statement that a Dolomedes spider has been seen to catch and land a fish? No, I'm sure I've got it right. It wasn't the fish that caught the spider. There wouldn't be any story in that at all. It was the spider that caught the fish. It leaped on the fish's shoulders and bit and bit and swung ashore and fastened lines till it warped the fish out of water. It wasn't a very big fish, I grant you, if one may go by the picture in the book, but it was a fish, and that is wonderful enough in itself."

Monkey Worship.

Except in India the monkey does not seem to have been regarded as sacred by any heathen people. But in central India the native, from the same motives as operate in his tiger veneration, regards the monkey as sacred and deems it a fearful crime to kill one. Strange as it may seem, there is in England a case of a monkey so highly regarded as to be represented on the tombstone of its noble mistress, though why is not known. And of all places, this is at Windsor castle. In St. George's chapel is the monument to the Countess of Lincoln, of bygone days, and carved with her ladyship's figure on the monument itself is the figure of her favorite pet—a monkey. No wonder that the native Hindoo who visits this spot goes away with the idea that Englishmen, too, venerate his sacred animals.

Love.

Properly, there is only one verb for love. It is not "amo." It is not "aimer." It is not the softest Italian verb. No printed language of man knows it. But the violin knows it, and the wild bird knows it; even the sea knows it. The rose is it, and the moon is it. And the look of a man's eyes into a woman's is it, and the look of a woman's eyes back again is it. But no man or woman can say it in any language that endures.—"Love Letters of the King."

Strikes a Rich Find.

"I was troubled for several years with chronic indigestion and nervous debility," writes F. J. Green, of Lancaster, N. H. "No remedy helped me until I began using Electric Bitters, which did me more good than all the medicines I ever used. They have also kept my wife in excellent health for years. She says Electric Bitters are just splendid for female troubles; that they are a grand tonic and invigorator for weak, run down women. No other medicine can take its place in our family." Try them. Only 50 cents. Satisfaction guaranteed by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist.

We Are Moving in Line With THE PROCESSION.

Our New Spring Goods Arriving Daily.

A Full Line of New and Fresh Spring Mattings.

Embroideries in Cambrics, Nainsooks

and Swiss, with Allovers and Beadings to match.

Our line of White Goods is full and complete, consisting of Cambrics, Long Cloth, English Nainsook, Irish Linen, Victoria Lawn, Persian Lawn, French Nainsook and Linen Cambrics.

I am sole Agent for The Butterick Paper Patterns.

American Lady Corsets. Her Majesty's Corsets,

A. D. Brown,

Dry Goods and Carpets.

No. 29 North Front Street, Wilmington, N. C.

jan 12 tf

PRUDENT ADVERTISERS SHOULD NOTE THESE FACTS.

THE MORNING STAR

—IS THE—

OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN NORTH CAROLINA.

AND NEVER SINCE ITS FIRST ISSUE HAS THERE BEEN ANY CHANGE OF NAME, PROPRIETORSHIP OR EDITORIAL MANAGEMENT.

IT GUARANTEES A MUCH LARGER REGULAR, BONA FIDE CIRCULATION THAN ANY OTHER DAILY NEWSPAPER PUBLISHED IN WILMINGTON. This claim has never been challenged by any competing newspaper.

For rates and sample copies, address

WM. H. BERNARD,
Editor and Proprietor,
Wilmington, N. C.

SPECIAL

Beginning Monday we will sell any TAN SHOE in our house at actual COST.

We have also a lot of Ladies' and Gents' Needle and Pointed Toe Shoes

That we will sell you at $1.50. These are goods that sold for $3 to $5 a pair. Come early before sizes are broken.

GEO. R. FRENCH & SONS.

jan 19 tf

SEASONABLE GOODS

MULLETS, new catch
Best Cream Cheese,
Martin's Gilt Edge Butter,
Bagging and Ties.
SALT.

A GENERAL LINE OF CANE GOODS DEMAND AT THIS SEASON.

Sole agents for
ROB ROY FLOUR.

McNAIR & PEARSALL.

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We Take This Method

Of thanking the generous public for their past valued favors in dispensing patronage at

Our Department Stores.

Many lines of Goods have been closed out; many others partly so; yet, there remains

Various and Valuable Bargains

For the economical householder to ponder over. We are now pushing everything preparatory to giving the general public the

Best Possible Footwear Service

To be had at the lowest possible cost. Try us at the

Same Old Place.

Mercer & Evans Co.

ja 5 tf

CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents Contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.

Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

ma th th aa

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine. SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

Mention this paper.

aug su wo sa

LOOK AT THIS.

Fresh Load of Horses and Mules

Just arrived, among them several Kentucky saddle and general business Horses. I also carry a full stock of

BUGGIES, HARNESS, ETC.,

For sale and have lately added to my business a light Livery, new Buggies and stylish Horses. Call and see me.

F. T. MILLS.

ja 26 tf

At The Unlucky Corner

NORTH CAROLINA HAMS.
Springfield Hams,
Jones' Hams,
Premium Hams,
Gold Band Hams,
Diamond Hams,
Picnic Hams, Sliced Hams,
Deviled Hams, Potted Ham and Abraham.

S. W. SANDERS.

jan 22 tf

Fancy Fruits.

Bananas, Extra Fancy.
Pears, Grapes, Oranges,
Apples.
Nuts, Figs, Dates and Raisins.

Give me a call. I can please you on nice Fruit and Candies.

J. W. PLUMMER, Jr.,

204 Princess Street.

Bell 'Phone 626. Inter-State 132.

jan 4 tf

Wanted, Furs.

5,000 Raccoon Skins.
5,000 Fox Skins.
5,000 Opossum Skins.
1,000 Mink Skins.

And Furs of all description. Highest price paid. Quotations furnished on application.

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,

nov 24 tf 18 Market Street.

To Remove Paint

Sit down on it before its dry.

To get whole Wheat Flour go Bierman's to buy.

PURINA MILLS
Whole Wheat Flour

5 pound packages 25c.
12 pound bags 50c.

Aromatic Coffee,
(Parched.)
2 pounds for 25 cents.

H. J. Bierman & Co.,

115 Market Street.

Bell 'Phone No. 33. jan 28 tf

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jan 21 tf

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GUION & DAVIS.

dec 4 tf 7 South Front St.

WILMINGTON, NEW BERN & NORFOLK R. R.

THE FAST MAIL

DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

Between New York, Tampa Atlanta, New Orleans & Points South & West.

Schedule in Effect Dec. 1st, 1901.

TRAIN 39 Leaves Wilmington at 3:05 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5:30 P. M., Pembroke 5:48 P. M., Maxton 6:15 P. M., Hamlet 7:15 P. M., Charlotte 10:30 P. M.

TRAIN 40 Leaves Charlotte 5:00 A. M., Hamlet at 7:30 A. M., arrives Maxton 8:59 A. M., Pembroke 9:30 A. M., Lumberton 9:54 A. M., Wilmington 12:05 noon.

WESTBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Hamlet	10.35 p m	6.35 a m
Ar Monroe	12 1 a m	8.30 a m
Ar Charlotte		9.25 a m
Ar Chester	1.38 a m	9.45 a m
Ar Greenwood	3.43 a m	1.32 p m
Ar Athens	6.13 a m	3.19 p m
Ar Atlanta	8.50 a m	4.55 p m

Close connection at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans and all points in Texas, Mexico and California; also for Chattanooga, Nashville, Louisville, St. Louis, Cincinnati, Chicago, and Western and Northwestern points.

SOUTHBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Lv Hamlet	10.35 p m	6.40 a m
Ar Columbia	1.05 a m	9.40 a m
Ar Savannah	4.40 a m	12.05 p m
Ar Jacksonville	9.05 a m	3.50 p m
Ar Tampa	5.40 p m	5.00 a m

NORTHBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Lv Hamlet	11.00 p m	7.40 a m
Ar Raleigh	3.00 a m	1.05 a m
Ar Norfolk	3.50 a m	11.05 p m
Ar Portsmouth	7.15 a m	5.35 p m
Ar Norfolk		

Lv Hamlet	10.40 p m	7.35 a m	7.40 a m
Ar Raleigh	1.40 a m	10.15 a m	11.00 a m
Ar Norfolk	3.30 a m	11.55 a m	1.35 p m
Ar Petersburg	5.54 a m	2.26 p m	4.55 p m
Ar Richmond	6.35 a m	3.05 p m	5.45 p m
Ar Washington	10.10 a m	6.35 p m	9.50 p m
Ar Baltimore	11.25 a m	11.25 p m	11.25 p m
Ar New York	4.15 p m	6.30 a m	6.30 a m

Train 40 leaving Hamlet at 8.10 a. m. takes passengers from train 82, leaving New York at 1.00 p. m.; Baltimore at 5.45 p. m.; Washington 7.00 p. m.; Richmond 10.40 p. m.; Portsmouth 8.50 p. m.; Norfolk 8.30 p. m.; Raleigh 5.55 a. m., arriving Hamlet at 6.30 a. m. From train 86, leaving Atlanta 8.00 p. m.; Athens 11.23 p. m.; Chester 4.56 a. m.; Charlotte 5.00 a. m.; Monroe 5.40 a. m.; arriving Hamlet 7.00 a. m.

From train 66 leaving Jacksonville 7.40 p. m.; Savannah 11.25 p. m.; Columbia 3.05 a. m.; arriving Hamlet 7.05 a. m.

Through Pullman sleepers from Hamlet to all points North, South and Southwest.

For tickets, Pullman reservations, etc., apply to Thomas D. Meares, General Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

R. L. BUNCH,
General Passenger Agent.

JAS. M. BARR, 1st Vice Pres't and Gen'l Man.
dec 7 tf

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 16.

To Take Effect Sunday, Oct. 21, 1900, at 12.01 A. M.

GOING EAST. Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	Leave	STATIONS.	GOING WEST. Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
.....	3 40	Goldsboro	11 05	.....
.....	4 32	Kinston	10 12	.....
5 45	5 50	Newbern	9 07	9 00
7 05	7 07	Morehead City	7 45	7 37
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.45 A. M., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 5.00 P. M., and with W. & N. at New Bern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train arriving at Goldsboro 3.00 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 4.55 P. M. No. 1 train also connects with W. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

oct 23 tf S. L. DILL, Sup't

THE LATEST AS TO NERVES AND STRENGTH

It is not muscle so much as the nerves back of muscle which show one's strength and power of endurance. And the study with able physicians of to-day is how to keep the nerves in perfect health and fitted for the strain of everyday living. Headache of every type, nerve weakness, dyspepsia, sleeplessness, langour, restlessness, nervous dyspepsia, muscular weakness, brain weariness, poor circulation,—a thousand different unpleasant feelings and symptoms are due to nerve waste and nerve weakness,—especially in women and children. But how can all this be prevented, one will ask? How can my broken-down constitution be repaired, and nerve strength and full, robust health be secured. Just two points to remember: Determine that you will grow strong in nerves and health, and decide to use at once that most famous nerve cure, COCKELIN. It is delicious in taste, quick in action and makes the wearied nerves tingle with renewed strength and every function the stronger and faculty the brighter by its use. Druggists sell it.

50 cents: or sent by

The Carrollton Chemical Co.,
Baltimore, Md.

TO ANY ADDRESS ON RECEIPT OF MONEY! WRITE US ABOUT IT!

New Goods.

Bagging and Ties,
New Mullets,

FIRST PAT. FLOUR,

2ND PAT. FLOUR,
STRAIGHT FLOUR,
SUGAR, COFFEE, RICE,
MEAL, GRITS, MOLASSES
WHEAT BRAN,
CANNED GOODS, SOAP,
LYE, STARCH, SALT, &c.

Send me your orders.
Special attention given to consignments.

S. P. McNAIR.

jan 26 tf

WILMINGTON SEACOAST R. R.

On and after Monday, September 23rd, 1901 the schedule on the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad will be as follows:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Wrightsville.
2 30 P. M.	8 15 A. M.
6 30 P. M.	5 15 P. M.

SUNDAY TRAIN.

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Wrightsville.
2 30 P. M.	5 15 P. M.
6 30 P. M.	

Freight must be prepaid and will be carried on the 2.30 P. M. train only.

sep 22 tf H. C. GRANT, Superintendent.

The Best Seed Pays Largest Profits.

VAUGHN'S IMPROVED EARLY OHIO.

WHITE, BLISS, EARLY ROSE,

Seed Potatoes,

White and Rust Proof Oats. Get in your orders.

Dried and Evaporated Apples and a full line of Groceries and Provisions.

HALL & PEARSALL,

(INCORPORATED.)

jan 26 tf Wholesale Grocers.

Atlantic Coast Line R. R. Co

Schedule in effect Dec. 22, 1901.

NORTH BOUND.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND

DAILY 9.30 A. M. — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.15 A. M., Warsaw 11.51 A. M., Goldsboro 12.21 P. M., Wilson 1.13 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.53 P. M., Tarboro 2.21 P. M., Weldon 4.58 P. M., Petersburg 6.46 P. M., Richmond 7.45 P. M., Norfolk 5.55 P. M., Washington 11.49 P. M. Baltimore 1.30 A. M., Philadelphia 4.08 A. M., New York 7.15 A. M., †Boston 3.55 P. M.

DAILY 7.00 P. M. — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.35 P. M., Warsaw 8.40 P. M., Goldsboro 9.37 P. M., Wilson 10.30 P. M., †Tarboro 9.34 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.33 P. M., Weldon 1.37 A. M., †Norfolk 1.40 P. M., Petersburg 3.1 A. M., Richmond 3.57 A. M., Washington 7.30 A. M., Baltimore 9.03 A. M., Philadelphia 11.12 A. M., New York 1.43 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 9.24 P. M. — No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4.15 P. M., Newbern 8.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY except Sunday 6.00 A. M. — No. 81—Due Lake Waccamaw 7.10 A. M., Chadbourn, 7.41 A. M., Marion 8.47 A. M., Florence 9.35 A. M., Lanes 11.26 A. M., Charleston 1.10 P. M.

DAILY 2.45 P. M. — No. 35—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.55 P. M., Chadbourn 5.30 P. M., Marion 6.40 P. M., Florence 7.25 P. M., Sumter 9.15 P. M., Columbia 10.40 P. M., Denmark 6.14 A. M., Augusta 8.10 A. M., Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.35 P. M., Charleston 11.15 P. M., Savannah 8.00 A. M., Jacksonville 9.30 A. M., St. Augustine 10.50 A. M., Tampa 10.00 P. M.

WEST BOUND.

DAILY 9.10 A. M. — No. 53—Passenger—Due Fayetteville 12.30 P. M., leaves Fayetteville 12.40 P. M., arrives Sanford 1.25 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH

DAILY 6.00 P. M. — No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston 11.45 A. M., New York †9.30 P. M., Philadelphia 12.00 A. M., Baltimore 2.55 A. M., Washington 4.40 A. M., Richmond 9.05 A. M., Petersburg 9.43 A. M., Norfolk 6.30 A. M., Weldon 11.50 A. M., Tarboro 12.32 P. M. Rocky Mount 12.52 P. M., Wilson 2.40 P. M., Goldsboro 3.15 P. M., Warsaw 4.10 P. M., Magnolia 4.25 P. M.

DAILY 10.10 A. M. — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 11.45 night, New York 9.35 A. M., Philadelphia 12.01 P. M., Baltimore 2.10 P. M., Washington 5.45 P. M., Richmond 7.23 P. M., Petersburg 7.59 P. M., **Norfolk 4.00 P. M., Weldon 9.33 P. M., **Tarboro 7.02 P. M., Rocky Mount 8.45 A. M. Leave Wilson 9.26 A. M., Goldsboro 7.31 A. M., Warsaw 8.01 A. M., Magnolia 8.37 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 9.00 A. M. — No. 63—Passenger—Leave Newbern 12.15 P. M., Jacksonville 10.30 A. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY except Sunday 11.30 A. M. — No. 50—Leave Charleston 4.30 P. M., Lanes 6.06 P. M., Florence 8.15 P. M., Sunday Marion 8.54 P. M., Chadbourn 9.53 P. M., Lake Waccamaw 10.31 P. M.

DAILY 1.40 P. M. — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 9.40 A. M., Sanford 5.10 P. M., Jacksonville 8.00 P. M., Savannah 1.30 A. M., Charleston 4.45 A. M., Atlanta 7.50 A. M. Macon 9.00 A. M., Augusta 12.50 P. M. Denmark 4.26 P. M., Columbia 6.55 A. M., Sumter 8.50 P. M., Florence 10.10 A. M., Marion 12.53 A. M., Chadbourn 11.56 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.52 A. M.

EAST BOUND.

DAILY 7.15 P. M. — No. 52—Passenger—Leave Sanford 3.55 P. M., arrive Fayetteville 4.50 P. M., leave Fayetteville 4.55 P. M.

Bennettsville Branch—Train leaves Bennettsville 6.10 A. M. Maxton 9.05 A. M., Red Springs 9.32 A. M., Parkton 10.06 A. M., arrive Fayetteville 11.10 A. M. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4.40 P. M., Hope Mills 5.00 P. M., Red Springs 5.43 P. M., Maxton 6.18 P. M., arrives Bennettsville 7.15 P. M.

Connections at Fayetteville with No. 75, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line and Southern Railway, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad.

Train between Rocky Mount and Richmond leaves Rocky Mount 7.15 A. M., arrive Weldon 9.17 A. M., arrive Petersburg 10.18 A. M., arrives Richmond 11.15 A. M.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 8.15 P. M., Halifax 8.39 P. M.; arrive Scotland Neck 8.16 P. M., Greenville 8.47 P. M., Kinston 9.45 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 A. M., Greenville 8.30 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.09 A. M., Weldon 11.30 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.00 A. M. and 1.45 P. M.; arrive Parmele 9.59 A. M. and 4.10 P. M.; returning leave Parmele 11.10 A. M. and 5.32 P. M.; arrives Washington 12.30 A. M and 6.15 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 4.35 P. M.; Sunday, 4.35 P. M.; arrives Plymouth 6.35 P. M. and 6.50 P. M. Returning leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7.30 A. M. and Sunday 9.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 9.55 A. M. and 11.00 A. M.

Trains leave Goldsboro daily except Sunday 5.50 A. M., arriving Smithfield 6.10 A. M. Returning leaves Smithfield 7.00 A. M., arrives at Goldsboro 8.25 A. M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 9.30 A. M., 4.10 P. M.; arrives Nashville 10.20 A. M., 4.58 P. M., Spring Hope 11.05 A. M., 4.42 P. M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 11.30 A. M., 5.15 P. M., Nashville 11.45 A. M., 5.45 P. M., arrives at Rocky Mount 12.15 A. M. 6.20 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton, daily, except Sunday, 11.40 A. M. and 4.15 P. M. Returning, leaves Clinton 6.45 A. M. and 2.50 P. M.

Train leaves Fee Dee 10.13 A. M., arrive Latta 10.46 A. M., Dillon 10.58 A. M., Rowland 11.15 A. M. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.10 P. M.; arrives Dillon 6.31 P. M., Latta 6.44 P. M., Fee Dee 7.06 P. M., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Chadbourn 12.01 P. M.; arrive Conway 2.20 P. M.; returning leave Conway 2.55 P. M. arrive Chadbourn 5.30 P. M. leave Chadbourn 5.35 P. M.; arrive Kirod 6.10 A. M., returning leave Kirod 6.40 A. M., arrive Chadbourn 11.25 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains leave Sumter 6.30 P. M., Manning 8.56 P. M.; arrive Lane's 7.40 P. M., leave Lane's 8.30 A. M., Manning 9.00 A. M.; arrive Sumter 9.49 A. M. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 8.40 A. M., †7.00 P. M.; arrive Georgetown 10 A. M., †8.30 P. M.; leave Georgetown 6.30 A. M.; †4.15 P. M.; arrive Lane's 8.00 A. M.; †6.35 P. M.

Trains leave Florence daily except Sunday at 10.25 A. M.; arrive Darlington 10.50 A. M., Hartsville 9.55 P. M., Cheraw 11.45 A. M., Wadesboro 12.50 P. M.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 6.00 P. M.; arrive Darlington 6.25 P. M., Bennettsville 9.32 P. M., Gibson 10.30 P. M. Leave Florence Sunday only 10.05 A. M., arrive Darlington 10.30 A. M.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 6.05 A. M. Bennettsville 7.05 A. M.; arrive Darlington 8.15 A. M. Leave Darlington 9.50 A. M.; arrive Florence 9.15 A. M. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 4.10 P. M., Cheraw 5.15 P. M., Hartsville 7.35 A. M., Darlington 6.29 P. M.; arrive Florence 7.90 P. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M., arrive Florence 9.15 A. M.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 1.50 P. M., 11.10 P. M., arrive Selma 2.40 P. M. 11.59 P. M., Smithfield 3.03 P. M., Dunn 3.40 P. M. Fayetteville 4.25 P. M., 1.10 A. M., Rowland 6.10 P. M., returning leave Rowland 11.15 A. M., Fayetteville 12.25 P. M., 10.07 P. M., Dunn 1.04 P. M., Smithfield 2.03 P. M. Selma 2.10 P. M., 11.25 P. M., arrive Wilson

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 2.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Resolution Introduced Concerning the Itinerary in This Country of Prince Henry of Prussia.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—The House after the transaction of some minor business which included the passage of the Senate bill to prohibit the sale of firearms, opium and intoxicating liquors in the New Hebrides, devoted the day to eulogies on the life and public services of the late Representative Brosius, of Pennsylvania.

Representative Otey, of Virginia, introduced a resolution providing that the itinerary of Prince Henry of Prussia shall extend through Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia and Tennessee. This proposed route includes the great Appalachian chain and the Chickamauga park. The resolution provides that President Roosevelt shall duly consider this proposed trip, which is represented to curtail about twelve miles of the already arranged itinerary.

AWAITING REQUISITION.

Man Wanted in Durham, N. C., and Under Indictment at Various Places.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 1.—The case of U. Grant Baumgardner, under arrest here on several charges, was continued to-day until February 5th, awaiting requisition papers. Among the complainants is Mrs. J. H. Freeland, whose affidavits charge that he took $400 from her while boarding at her house in Durham, N. C., and $2,300 from her trunk while she was with him in Richmond, Va., having previously caused her separation from her husband. The police say he is wanted also at Lynchburg and Alexandria, Va., and other places, on similar charges. Baumgardner is under indictment at Durham, N. C., and Richmond, Va., and a reward has been standing for weeks for his arrest.

AT THE HAGUE.

Unwonted Activity in Diplomatic Circles.

The Dutch Note to Great Britain.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

THE HAGUE, Jan. 1.—There was unwonted activity in diplomatic circles here to-day, and it was generally believed to have had some connection with the Dutch note to Great Britain regarding peace in South Africa. The German minister, Count von Pourlales, had a long interview with the British minister, Sir Henry Howard; the first secretary of the British legation, A. F. G. Leveron-Gower, unexpectedly started for London, and the Dutch foreign minister, Baron von Linden, had a conference with Dr. Kuyper, the premier of the Netherlands, and subsequently had an audience of Queen Wilhelmina. When Baron von Linden returned from the palace, Sir Henry Howard went to the foreign office and held a lengthy conference with the foreign minister.

TROOPS CALLED OUT.

To Prevent Lynching of a Negro Murderer at Jackson, Miss.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

JACKSON, MISS., Feb. 1.—Jim Redmond, a member of the police force, was shot through the heart and instantly killed at 7 o'clock to-night by a negro from Canton, said to be Jim Frye, whom he was taking to jail. Redman called for assistance and those who came to his aid had a hard struggle before disarming the negro. He was hustled off to jail with a mob at his heels and but for Sheriff Harding there would have been a lynching in the State's capital. Gov. Longino at 10 o'clock to-night called out the Capital Light Guards and they are now on duty around the jail.

FATAL SHOOTING AFFRAY.

Daniel Harmon Killed by Dr. E. J. Daniels at Keystone, W. Va.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ROANOKE, VA., Feb. 1.—Details were received here to-day of a fatal shooting affray at the little mining town of Keystone, W. Va., last night, in which Daniel Harmon and Dr. E. J. Daniels were the participants. The two men were engaged in a game of cards, when a dispute arose and the shooting quickly followed. After the smoke had cleared away it was found that Harmon had been shot and instantly killed. Both men were popular. Harmon, who leaves a widow and two children, recently sold some coal lands by which deal he is said to have cleared up $150,000.

ALABAMA'S ELECTION LAW.

Twenty Per Cent. of the White Voters Disfranchised Themselves.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA., Feb. 1.—Under the new constitution to-day was the last day in which voters could enfranchise themselves by paying poll tax. All who do not hold receipts cannot vote in any election in Alabama during the next year. From reports from various parts of the State it is estimated that at least 20 per cent. of the white people have disfranchised themselves by failure to pay this tax.

The statement of the Associated Banks for the week ending yesterday shows: Loans $889,531,700, increase $19,589,100; deposits $975,997,000, increase $26,330,200; circulation $31,365,200, increase $348,700; legal tenders $77,807,400, increase $949,800; specie $192,815,200, increase $6,924,000; reserves $270,622,600, increase $7,873,500.

It Girdles the Globe.

The fame of Bucklen's Arnica Salve as the best in the world extends round the earth. It's the one perfect healer of Cuts, Corns, Burns, Bruises, Sores, Scalds, Boils, Ulcers, Felons, Aches, Pains and all Skin Eruptions. Only infallible Pile Cure. 25 cents a box, at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

CONDITIONS IN THE PHILIPPINES.

Gov. Taft Tells the Senate Committee of His Tour of the Provinces.

NO ROADS IN THE ISLANDS.

Mountain Backbone Impassable—Some Industries in Progress—Estimates of Population—Six Million Christians Who Make Trouble.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—Governor Taft to-day continued his statement concerning the conditions in the Philippine archipelago before the Senate Committee on the Philippines. He resumed his account of his last year's tour of the provinces. He said that next to Manila, Cebu came nearer to being a city in point of population and manner of improvement than any other place in the archipelago. The island of Cebu, he said, is the most densely settled of the group.

Speaking generally, Governor Taft said there were no roads in the Philippines under the Spanish, but that since the establishment of American control $1,000,000 had been appropriated for road improvement, both for strategic and commercial purposes. In most if not all the islands, Governor Taft said, there is a mountain backbone which is impassable. Gen. Hall had succeeded in crossing the Luzon mountains, but his men were almost dead when they emerged.

In his tour Governor Taft had found some industries in progress though much interrupted, largely on account of the destruction of the water buffalo or caribao, the work cattle of the islands. This animal he described as "the beast of burden, the family friend, the wealth of the individual and the object of all the robber bands of the mountain districts."

Military Control Necessary.

Governor Taft said that the island of Cebu was not long organized into a civilized government before it was found necessary to return to military control. He had, however, been informed just before his departure for the United States that the 300 or 400 insurgents on the island had surrendered and that the island had been entirely tranquilized.

This statement led Senator Hale to ask a question. "I have observed by the newspapers that there were forty-one small fights within the space of thirty days; where did they occur?"

The reply was that most of these encounters had taken place in Batangas, Laguna, Mindoro, Bohol, Samar, Cebu and a few other places. Most of the troops are in those provinces.

Referring to the Maccabebes, Gov. Taft said said they had always been at war with their neighbors; that they had formerly been friends of the Spaniards, and that when the transfer of the country was made they had also transferred their allegiance to the United States. He thought there were 8,000 or 10,000 of them.

"You speak," said Senator Culberson, as the witness progressed, "of disagreements between the civil and the military authorities as to whether there should be a civil or military control of a certain district; in such cases who determines what shall be done?"

No Radical Disagreement.

"That," replied Gov. Taft, "is a question of instructions, or rather of construction of instructions; but we have gotten along so far without radical disagreement. One difficulty of this kind was submitted to Washington and we were told that we must reconcile our differences, if we could. We did so and have had no other material difficulties of the kind."

Gov. Taft spoke frequently of the unreliability of all estimates of the population, but said there are probably six millions of Filipinos or Christians, one and a half or two millions of non-Christians and probably a million of Moros. However, a census was badly needed. The members of the committee smiled when Gov. Taft said that the Christians had made all the trouble. He explained that it is necessary to provide a more paternal form of government for the Igorrotes than for the Filipinos. It was also impracticable to place Filipino governors over these people.

Armed Insurrectos.

In reply to Senator Patterson, Gov. Taft said that there probably were two thousand rifles in the hands of insurrectos in the islands and there are some of the latter who do not carry guns. He could not, he said, tell where the rifles and the ammunition came from.

As to the juntas, most of them are concentrated at Hong Kong, composed mostly of natives of Batangas who had made their money in coffee growing.

Replying to Senator Dubois, the witness said that Laguna and Samar are the only considerable Philippine provinces which have not been organized and that with those provinces organized practically all the Philippines capable of being taken in, would be under civil government.

In reply to other questions from Mr. Dubois Governor Taft said that the Filipinos have a greater attachment for their country than, for instance, the Chinese have for theirs. "The Filipino is," he said, "attached first to his town and second to his province, and he is, I think now forming an attachment for the name of Filipino. On that pride of country and on the Filipino's desire for education," he added, "I base my hope in the success of what we are doing in the islands."

The Spanish Language.

In reply to other questions Governor Taft said that he estimated that from five to seven per cent. of the people read and write the Spanish language, but that he could not say what proportion of the people could write their own language. One great difficulty encountered is the fact that the people of the different provinces do not understand the language one of another.

The witness said that many of the eight hundred and thirty-five American teachers are engaged in instructing Filipino teachers. As a rule the people appeared anxious to get the education thus given, but in some cases the priests were manifesting a disposition to establish parish schools for their people.

Gov. Taft said that Spanish is the only language that is common throughout the archipelago, and that this was the only instrument of communication with outside thought. This condition of affairs, Gov. Taft said, had led him recently to vote for the continuance of Spanish as the official language of the islands, for if English should now be constituted the official language it would be impossible to conduct business without the aid of interpreters.

A Question of Intelligence.

At this point Senator Patterson asked Gov. Taft whether the Filipino of average intelligence is capable of distinguishing between an independent government for his country and a benevolent and paternal form of government, such as the United States would give? Replying, Gov. Taft said that a Filipino of such intelligence was capable of making such distinction, but he emphasized the necessity of making sure that the Filipino who must pass upon this problem is a man of such intelligence.

"Do you depend on their ignorance," Mr. Patterson asked, "to make them amenable to our law?"

The response was an emphatic no. "Our hope," said Gov. Taft, "is in the educated classes."

Replying to questions by Senator Rawlins, Gov. Taft said that three of the members of the Federal party were associated in the government of the islands, but notwithstanding this fact the government was in no way responsible for the promises of statehood made by that party in its platform. Enlarging upon the subject of the Federal party, Gov. Taft said that it comprised probably a majority of the educated people of the archipelago, but that when the commission had been asked to either approve or disapprove of its platform, it had refused to do either.

BRIBERY AND CORRUPTION.

Grand Jury in St. Louis Filed Indictment Against Members of the City Government.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 1.—The grand jury which has been investigating the facts in connection with the attempt to pass a bill through the Municipal Assembly, granting certain franchises to the Suburban Street Railway Company by the alleged use of a corruption fund of $135,000, returned this evening its final report and adjourned.

Two hours before the report of the grand jury was submitted a bench warrant was issued for Henry Nicalaus, a director of the Suburban Street Railway Company, ordered by the retiring body, which returned an indictment against Nicalaus, charging him with bribery in connection with the Suburban case. Up to a late hour to-night Mr. Nicalaus had not been arrested. The other indictments which resulted from the suburban investigation were against ex-Delegate John K. Murrell, ex Councilmen Charles Kratz and Emil A. Moysenburg, and Ellis Wainwright, director of the suburban company, for bribery, and ex-Delegate Julius Lehman and Delegate Harry Faulkner for bribery.

The grand jury's report is brief, considering the importance of the subject matter treated. Referring to the subject of municipal corruption the report says:

"Investigation, which we have made into the corrupt method by which franchises have been obtained from the city, and which has resulted in a number of indictments, has proved to us that this form of corruption is much more general than has been supposed, although the resort to such practices with more or less frequency has been known. It has been impossible for us to make a complete examination of this kind of offences within the time appointed by law for our service, and the work which we have begun must be taken up by the grand jury which will immediately succeed us. We believe that all franchises for the use of the city's streets should be sold to the highest bidders.

The grand jury suggested that where corrupt means are used to obtain municipal franchises the franchise should be forfeited.

EIGHTY-FIVE MINERS KILLED.

Fearful Explosion in a Coal Mine—It is Thought That the Death List Will be Over One Hundred.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

KANSAS CITY, MO., Feby. 1.—A special from San Antonio, Texas, says:

Advices from Eagle Pass, Texas, state that a dust explosion has caused a great loss of life in Mine No. 6 of the Hondo Coal Mining Company in Mexico, eighty-five miles south of Eagle Pass.

Eighty-five bodies have been taken out. There were 165 men in the mine at the time of the explosion, and it is feared that many more were lost.

Another Report

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 1.—A special from San Antonio, Texas, says:

Eighty-five miners killed and fifty more buried under debris is the fearful record made by a dust explosion at the Hondo mines in Mexico, the news of which was received here to-night.

At the time the explosion occurred there were 160 miners at work in the mine, all of whom were entombed by the shaft being choked up by falling earth and stones tossed by the explosion. Just how many are dead is not at this time known, but at last accounts received here by wire to-night eighty-five dead bodies had been recovered. It is thought that the death list will be over one hundred. The Hondo mines are located at Cohilla, at a terminus of a branch of the Mexican International road, about one hundred miles south of Eagle Pass, and are the most important in the State. Details of the list are meagre, no names of the victims being learned here.

ADMIRAL SCHLEY AND WIFE.

Will Leave Knoxville for Washington Friday Via Asheville, N. C.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

KNOXVILLE, TENN., Feb. 1.—The official programme for the entertainment of Admiral and Mrs. Schley during their stay in Knoxville, from Tuesday night to Friday morning next week, was given out to-day. A reception will be held at the Southern Railway station on their arrival here at 8 o'clock by the general reception committee. Admiral and Mrs. Schley will then be driven to the Imperial hotel. Wednesday morning a grand parade will be led and reviewed by Admiral and Mrs. Schley. At noon the address of welcome will be delivered by W. Blockett, president of the Chamber of Commerce, after which a formal public reception will be held.

Friday morning at 8:30 o'clock Admiral and Mrs. Schley will leave for Washington over the Southern, by way of Asheville and Salisbury, N. C.

FIRE AT PETERSBURG

Crate and Berry Basket Plant Destroyed. Loss Over $60,000.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PETERSBURG, VA., Feb. 1.—The large crate and berry basket plant of the Southside Manufacturing Company, in this city, with all the stock, including 1,500,000 fruit baskets, was destroyed by fire to-day. Loss between $60,000 and $70,000; partially insured. The company had large business relations with all parts of the country.

An unknown steamship is reported hard aground on Joe Flogger shoals, in Delaware bay. Owing to the thick fog the name of the vessel could not be learned.

MURDERERS DIED OF THEIR WOUNDS

The Biddle Brothers Who Escaped From Pittsburg Jail and Were Recaptured.

MRS. SOFFEL IS STILL ALIVE.

Has a Chance for Life, Although Symptoms of Pneumonia Have Developed. Statement From Jack Biddle. Love Letter.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BUTLER, PA., Feb. 1—At the close of a day of intense excitement and many conflicting stories concerning the changes for life of the wounded Biddle brothers and Mrs. Kate Soffel, the unexpected has happened. John Biddle, who until late this afternoon was thought the more likely to escape present death, died at 7:35 P. M. His brother, Ed., who has been unconscious practically all day and who was considered a dying man last night, survived until 11 o'clock when he, too, went over the great divide. Both men died without any apparent suffering at the close. Mrs. Soffel developed symptoms of pneumonia this afternoon, after having come safely through an operation this morning for the extraction of the bullet.

The death of Jack Biddle was caused by the bullet wounds in his abdomen and bladder. Early in the day the physicians thought peritonitis was the principal danger in his case, but to night internal hemorrhages set in and the man bled to death in a short while. As long as he was able Jack was extremely talkative and was at times boastful. But as soon as the shadow of death began to fall upon him and he recognized it, he became repentant

John Biddle's Statement.

"I know," said he, "that my time here is short, and you can say for me that I am a Christian and will die a sincere believer in God and hope I have strength to say so at the last. I know I have taken part in many wrong deeds, but I have never killed any man and was never implicated with any one who did. I wish I could see Mrs Kahney. I would tell her the truth about the killing of her husband. This life has been pretty tough to me and the end cannot come too quick and I don't care how soon."

A sister of the Biddles arrived in town this evening and was admitted to the jail, but Edward was unable to recognize her.

The principal subject of conversation on the streets to-day has been whether the Butler county authorities would permit the removal of the Biddles to Allegheny county in the event of either or both of them surviving their injuries. The contention was raised that since the Biddles were under arrest here for felonious shooting, they could not be removed. District Attorney John R. Henninger dispelled any doubts on that point this evening by stating that it was the intention to turn the men over to the Allegheny authorities as soon as they were in a condition to be moved, and the same action would be taken in reference to Mrs. Soffel.

Case of Mrs. Soffel.

After a consultation at the hospital in the case of Mrs. Soffel, this evening, District Attorney Haymaker decided to allow the woman to remain here, as her condition is such that the trip to Pittsburg to-night might be attended with fatal results. Mrs. Soffel is suffering considerably from her wound and the attending physicians fear that her removal now would cause gangrene to set in. Attorney Haymaker said there would be no distribution made of the prize money until the claims of the Butler people had been heard, and the latter will take steps to notify the commissioners of Allegheny county of their claims.

The excitement was unabated to-day and a dense crowd of people hung about the jail doors all day, trying to get in to see the two criminals. The most persistent of the crowd were women, many of whom expressed the deepest concern and sympathy for Ed. Biddle and declared their belief in his innocence. This belief seemed to deepen when it became known that Ed. Biddle made a death-bed confession to Rev. Father Walsh, of this place, last night, declaring his innocence of the crime of shooting grocery-man Kahney and Detective Fitzgerald.

One of the sensational developments which the authorities have decided to keep secret, was the finding on the person of Mrs. Soffel, when she arrived at the hospital, a long letter from Ed. Biddle, setting forth in detail the plan for the escape of the brothers from the jail.

A Love Letter.

A love letter from Biddle to his prison sweetheart Mrs. Kate Soffel, found in the snow near the bloody scene of their capture, reveals the long and careful plot for their escape from the Allegheny county jail. The letter clearly shows the hazardous undertakings of the infatuated woman to secure the escape of the Biddles. Since December 2nd, 1901, they had been making preparations to escape. The discovered epistle tells how Mrs. Soffel carried the saws to the cells of the Biddles. It clearly shows the wonderful influence Ed. Biddle had over Mrs. Soffel.

The letter in part follows:

"When I first started writing to you I did not love you. Now I have learned to love you better than my very life. But what I want to say is this:

"We were searched pretty close today and these fellows would swear on a stack of Bibles ten feet high that we could not have had this stuff on us since Saturday. So that you nearly clear yourself of all suspicion, without the fellow where you bought the saws would come to the surface. They never could convict you, but some people might suspect you. That would cut no figure. They never could prove it to save their lives.

"It would be, of course, darling, but for you to stay at home until I could come and get you. Of course, it would be risking my freedom and life again to do so, but I would risk more than that for you, if possible. You must not think I don't love you. If you have any reason, as I know you have, you must not fail to see that I have risked all that you have given me right back for you, to screen and protect you. Yes, darling, if I did not love you as dear as life, I would have left this place last Friday night.

"It would be much easier for us to get away if you stayed at home, on account of the warden, you know. In case you shall not want to go, go to the postoffice at Homestead about March 18th and call for mail under the name of Mrs. Charles McDonald. You will get a letter telling you where I am and how I am to get you. I want you to suit yourself in this matter, my own darling, but I would rather you would go to-morrow just as I have directed.

"Watch the papers close, and if you see they have traced us any part of the way, leave Toronto on the quiet and go to Montreal. Leave letter in the Toronto office for me and as soon as you get the letter in Montreal write me a letter to the postoffice there, all in signs, where you are. Montreal is about 250 miles further north. Keep low until I reach you.

"Oh! My darling, if I could only hold you in my arms, once press you to my heart, kiss your dear eyes, think you are mine forever, or until death claims you or me. But if death takes you first, it claims both together, but if you go and say to yourself, 'I want Ed. or none on this earth.' Hide your morphine in the lining of your dress somewhere, so if you are searched none could find it, and in case the worst comes to the worst, wait until you are alone, because if any one knew you took it the doctors would pump it out with a stomach pump.

"Now pet, if you go Monday, let me know as early as you can. Come close to the window and say 'I will go' for I can't see half you say if its very light outside. If you go to-morrow I will then go to-morrow night, Monday, night and now, dear, be sure and don't keep me any longer, pet.

"If you were to let me go ahead and then get me caught I would kill every copper in the place and Dorman with them. And then myself. I'll tell you I'm not to be betrayed, I don't say, my dear, that you would try to do me wrong, but you're a woman, and so, as changable as one and so I thought I would remind you, knowing that a woman don't look very deep into things. Let a woman know you love her and the jig is up.

"Yours, "ED."

Mrs. Soffel fell in love with Ed. Biddle in November. The burglar soon realized his power over her. It was not long until he started to write love letters to her. His affection was reciprocated. Mrs. Soffel fell madly in love with Ed. Biddle, and about the early part of December he proposed a plan to escape. She consented to lend him her aid. Between December 14th and 16th they had completed all arrangements to escape from the jail. Then they learned of the Governor's respite. After this Ed. Biddle almost persuaded Mrs. Soffel to fly with him and his brother. The contents of the letter show it was originally agreed that Mrs. Soffel was to leave the city for Canada on the eve of the boys' escape.

Tried to Kill Themselves.

From the statement made this morning by "Jack" Biddle in his cell, it is evident that the escaped convicts and their accomplice had arranged to commit suicide in case their capture became imminent.

Doctors Greer and Bicker, who have been attending the two Biddles, made a report to day that apparently confirms Jack Biddle's story that the fugitives had tried to kill themselves. They had come to this conclusion after a complete examination and a partial probing of the wounds of both of the men. Ed. Biddle had several powder marks on his left breast, which would go to show that he attempted to kill himself. In Jack's mouth are three bullet wounds, which would be prima facie evidence that he wanted to rid the world of himself. One of the bullets, which evidently came from a revolver, carried away a portion of his tonsil, which the doctors say could only have happened by the holding of a revolver to his own mouth.

THE MOVEMENT OF COTTON.

New Orleans Exchange Statement—Receipts, Exports and Stocks at the Ports—Mill Takings.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 1.—Secretary Hester's New Orleans Cotton Exchange statement, issued yesterday, covers the monthly movement to January 31st.

Compared with last year it shows an increase for the month in round figures of 342,000 bales, compared with year before last an increase of 370,000, and with 1899 an increase of 154,000.

The total for January was 1,324,205 bales, against 982,128 last year, 954,679 year before last and 1,169,983 the same time in 1899.

The amount of the crop brought into sight for the five months from September 1st to January, inclusive, is 373,000 bales over last year; 1,064,000 over year before last, and 966,000 under 1899.

The total amount of the cotton crop brought into sight during the five months ending January 31st, is 7,929,148 bales, against 7,557,471 last year; 6,897,117 year before last and 8,895,532 the same time in 1899.

Up to January 31st last year 73.78 per cent. of the cotton crop had been marketed and for the same five months in 1900 the percentage of the crop brought into sight was 72.83 and for the same time in 1899 the percentage marketed was 78.90.

The movement into sight during the past week has been 273,719 bales against 237,171 for the seven days ending January 31st last year, 349,949 year before last and 359,510 same time in 1899.

JEFFRIES-FITZSIMMONS.

Arrangements for a Fight for the Championship of the World.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—James J. Kennedy met Robert Fitzsimmons here today and offered him terms for a fight with James J. Jeffries for the championship of the world. These terms suit the Cornishman and it is assumed that Jeffries also will agree to them, inasmuch as William Delaney, Jeffries' manager, has been sounded by Kennedy as to what his conditions would be should the matter be definitely broached to Fitzsimmons. Kennedy's object is to have the men fight before a club in San Francisco in which he is interested. Jeffries will arrive in this city to-morrow from New England.

WARM WIRELETS

The Chattahoochee river at Columbus, Ga., is on another rampage, having risen during the last eighteen hours about twenty-five feet.

It is rumored that the deal for all the coal mines in New River by the Pierpont Morgan syndicate is off. The operators refused to take half the price of their holdings in stock.

The Norwegian steamship Daggry, loaded with dynamite and railroad iron, before reported ashore near Gull Shoal life saving station, North Carolina, was pulled off by tugs and is now on her way to Norfolk.

Judge Cantrill, at Frankfort, Ky., overruled the motion for a new trial in the Jim Howard case and sentenced him to imprisonment for life. An order was entered transferring Howard to Georgetown for safe keeping pending an appeal.

Rollins Bingham, a member of one of the first families of Missouri, has surrendered to the police at Dallas, Texas, and has asked to be returned to stand trial on the charge of forging deeds to property in Kansas City twelve years ago.

For Croup use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

For sale by Hardin's Palace Pharmacy.)

FIRE AT GOLDSBORO.

Pritchard & Winstead's Tobacco Stemmery Destroyed—Loss Over $40,000

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

GOLDSBORO, N. C., Feb. 1.—A great fire with a loss of from $40,000 to $50,000, with insurance of about thirty thousand dollars, took place here to-night between 7 and 8 o'clock.

Pritchard & Winstead's big tobacco stemmery, having in it a large quantity of leaf tobacco, was totally destroyed. The Goldsboro Buggy Company's large factory was in great danger, but heroic work and the drizzling rain saved it. The loss of the tobacco stemmery throws one hundred and fifty hands out of work.

HARVARD UNIVERSITY.

J. D. Rockefeller Proposes to Give a Million Dollars for the Medical School.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CAMBRIDGE, MASS., Feb. 1.—Following the announcement at Harvard commencement exercises last June that J. P. Morgan had agreed to erect, at the cost of over a million dollars, three of the buildings reared for the accommodation of the Harvard medical school, President Elliott announced to the medical faculty to-night that Mr. J. D. Rockefeller proposes to give a million dollars in furtherance of this great project, provided that other friends of the university will raise a sum of money in the neighborhood of half a million dollars.

The London *Sunday Special's* correspondent in Vienna telegraphs that sensational rumors were current there last night that an attempt had been made upon the life of the Czar, but that no confirmation of the reports was obtainable in official quarters.

The First English Bible.

The first complete Bible printed in English was issued in 1535 without any publisher's name. It was the work of Miles Coverdale, who incorporated, with revisions, Tyndale's books of the New Testament, of the Pentatench and of Jonah, and for the rest translated from German and Latin versions. It was thus only partly original and in that part just a translation of a translation. No perfect copy of this Bible is known to exist.

Coverdale's Bible is called both "the Treacle Bible" and "the Bug Bible," from two curious renderings. The passage in Jeremiah which we now read, "Is there no balm in Gilead?" is rendered, "Is there no more treacle in Galahad?" And in the Psalms, "Thou shalt not be afraid of the terrors by night," reads "Thou shalt not nede to be afrayed for any bugges by night." In the Ninth Psalm, "Put them in fear, O Lord," is rendered by Coverdale as, "Set a schoolmaster over them."

The Sinecure.

"Well, my boy, and what are you going to do now?"

"Well, dad, I don't know. What I want is one of these fancy jobs where you do the least possible work for the very largest possible fee."

"Guess you are cut out for a corporation lawyer, my boy."

"No, dad. I was thinking of being a medical specialist." — Cleveland Plain Dealer.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpareil Type, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 30 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

Travelling Salesman Wanted—State age, references, and salary expected. Los Angeles Cider Co., St. Louis, Mo. feb 2 1t*

Agents in every town to sell Lace Curtains by sample or catalogue. Big profits. Cincinnati Lace Co., Glenn Building, Cincinnati, Ohio. feb 2 1t*

Second-Hand Organ just like new for sale cheap; also, party leaving town wants to sell fine Upright Piano at a bargain. Wareroom corner Front and Ann streets. feb 2 tf

Prof. Max Hirsch's Piano Tuning and Repairing first class. Satisfaction guaranteed. P. O. Box 309, or call Bell 'Phone 786. feb 2 tf

For Rent—Nice Cottage centrally located, six rooms with modern improvements. W. I. Gore. th su jan 26 tf

For Rent—Store and warehouses, 110 and 112 Market street, between Front and record. Size of store 22x65 feet. Plate glass front. All modern improvements. Suitable for any class of business. Immediate possession. Terms reasonable. Apply to B. H. J. Ahrens. feb 1 tf

I Have removed to No. 213 Market street, where I shall keep a full line of country produce, foreign fruits, candies, etc. Bell Phone 103; Inter-State 229. A. S. Winstead. jan 1 tf

Notice—We have just received the finest car Jamaica Bananas ever seen on this market. Will make prices right. Send in your order now. One hundred dressed Turkeys, 15½c per pound. Call on us for country produce of all kinds. J. K. Westbrook & Co., wholesale and retail, 208 and 210 Market street, Bell 'Phone 647. jan 18 tf

Consumers of Wood will always find the best quality of all kinds and all lengths of Wood (big Black Jack a specialty) at lowest prices at my wood yard, No. 12 South Water street, between Market and Dock. A trial will convince you. W. W. Koch, Bell 'Fone 719. ja 12 1m*

The Dixie Cafe—Most popular place in town for quick lunches, meals and everything to refresh the inner man. Tables always supplied with oysters and game. Orders sent anywhere in the city. S. F. Harmon, proprietor, Princess street. dec 6 tf.

Old Newspapers for sale by the hundred at the STAR Office. Excellent for underlaying carpets, or for wrapping paper. oct 2 tf

ANNUAL MEETING

Of the stockholders of the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad will be held at the rooms of the Merchants' Association, in the Seaboard Air Line building, Tuesday, February 4th, at 11 A. M.

H WOOLCOTT,
Secretary.

jan 31 4t

NOTICE.

Bids will be received by the Committee on Public Buildings of the Board of Aldermen until 12 M., February 15th, for the rent of the Opera House for two (2) years, from June 1st, 1902. Contract to be executed and bond for rent given by lessee. The committee reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

LOUIS H. SINNER,
Chairman Public Building Committee.

ja 28 2t we fr su

FOR RENT.

The spacious quarters on Princess street formerly occupied by the Atlantic National Bank. Equipped with all the modern conveniences of water, gas and electricity. These quarters offer excellent opportunities for the conducting of any class of business.

For terms apply to the
jan 18 tf ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK.

Valuable Land Sale.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
COUNTY OF NEW HANOVER.
Superior Court.

Pursuant to a judgment of the Superior Court in a proceeding wherein James Williams, Robert Williams, Josephine Henry and Celia Swann are plaintiffs, versus Eveline Meares Hubert is defendant, the undersigned Commissioner, appointed in said cause, will expose at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the Court House door, New Hanover county, at 12 o'clock M., on Tuesday, the 4th day of February, 1902, the following described real estate, situate in the City of Wilmington, N. C.:

Beginning at a point in the western line of Seventh street, 125 feet south of where the said western line of Seventh street is intersected by the southern line of Church street, running thence westwardly parallel with Church street 166 feet, thence northwardly parallel with Seventh street 45 feet thence eastwardly parallel with Church street 166 feet to the western line of Seventh street; thence south 45 feet to the beginning, being a part of the eastern parts of lots 2 and 3, in Block 99, in the plan of the city aforesaid.

GEO. H. HOWELL,
Commissioner.

EMPIE & EMPIE,
Attorneys for Plaintiffs
ja 3 6t fr feb 1 2 4

Four Facts!

FIRST:

Wilmington's Big Racket Store

IS THE LARGEST AND THE MOST UP-TO-DATE STORE IN THE CITY.

It compares favorably with any in the State.

It covers 19,200 feet of floor room and has four floors, and has an electric elevator and cash service all over the house, and it is run on a strictly up-to date Department Store plan.

Second—The Big Racket Store does a large business, both wholesale and retail. We buy our goods in jobbers' quantities, the same as any other wholesale merchant does—buy direct from the manufacturers. And can sell you goods as cheap wholesale as any one can sell them. We sell Dress Goods and Domestic Goods, Men and Boys' Clothing, Hats and Caps, Shoes, Boots and Rubbers, Hosiery, Gloves and Underwear, Corsets and Ladies' Muslin Wear, Ladies' Skirts of all grades, Trunks and Valises, Chairs and Tables, Cloaks, Gossamers, Mackintoshes, Stationery, and almost everything you can call for.

Third—Wilmington's Big Racket Store is run on an economical basis. We pay cash for all our Goods and save all discounts, and pay all our help once a week.

Fourth—Wilmington's Big Racket Store's Millinery Department is the largest of its kind in the country. We have our men on the road selling our Millinery and other Goods—Millinery a specialty.

We sell ready trimmed Hats to the merchants, giving them nice fresh goods and new styles for less money than they can buy them on the Northern markets. The reason we can do this is because we pay less rent and pay our labor less prices and we have our work done in an up-to-date first-class manner. In our Millinery Department we work from ten to twenty young ladies all the while and our Hats are shipped throughout the United States. Milliners, we want your business, and merchants, we would like to have your trimmed Hat orders. We guarantee satisfaction or take back the goods and pay the freight.

We have a special thing in Rubber Goods we want to push this week. Rubber Boots of all kinds at $2.80 and $3.50 a pair. Rubber Shoes at 15c, 25c, 35c and up to 75c a pair. Men's and Boys' Rubber Mackintosh Coats at $1.19, $1.25 and $1.50 each. Ladies' and Misses' Wool Gossamers for $2.50, $3.00 and $3.50 each. Rubber Sheeting 4 yard wide at 40c, yard-wide 50c, 6-4 wide 75c and 2 yards wide at $1.00. A big line of Goodyear Rubber Combs, best made, 7 inches long, 5c. Eight inches long, 8c. Extra heavy and strong at 10c. Double thick at 15c. Extra quality Combs, 25c.

Shoes—We handle about 5,000 pairs. We have Infants' Shoes as low as 20c. Little soft-sole Infants' Shoes at 25c. Wolfe Bros.' guaranteed Solid Shoes, 5s to 8s, for 50c. Misses' and Boys' Shoes from 75c to $1.25. Ladies' Dongola Shoes, with patent tip, solid soles, for $1.00 a pair. Our special shoes, branded "Vicious," every pair warranted by the factory to look, fit and wear well, strictly high grade, equal to any $2.00 shoe in the city, our price $1.50. Old Ladies' low heel and soft shoes for $1.00 and $1.25. A line of Men's Boots at $1.25 a pair to close out.

In Ladies', Men's, Misses' and Children's Hosiery we have a full and complete stock. We sell Children's Hose from 5c to 25c a pair; Ladies' Hose, 5c to 25c. Men's heavy wool hose at 25c; Ladies' wool hose at 25c.

In Ladies' Dress Skirts we have all styles and all prices. In our Cloak Department we are selling them at less than cost to clear them out. Our $1.25 Child's Reefers are now 88c. 1,000 Felt Hats for 25c, all new shapes.

We are cutting the prices all through on Men's and Boy's Clothing to make room for Spring stock. $350 worth of Men's New Pants just received.

GEO. O. GAYLORD'S

Big Racket Store,

208 and 210 North Front Street.

feb 2 tf

Bell 'Phone 42. Inter-State 42.

HELLO!

Isn't she a "Daisy!" Just look at her. Ring her up and you will be served with the best

COAL AND WOOD!

IN ALL WILMINGTON.

The combined stocks of our competitors are not a circumstance as compared with what we carry.

We are veterans of many, many frosty Winters. Send us your orders and be well cared for.

J. A. Springer & Co.

nov 20 tf The Veteran Dealers.

Rehder's Rehder's

Wait For Bargains.

The balance of THE JOHNSON STOCK has been removed to our store. In a few days it will be put on sale.

We are going to move at a remarkable low price. At this sale lots of goods from our regular stock must go at low prices to make room for our Spring Stock.

We are sole agents for New Idea Patterns, sold at 10c. None better.

New Lot Carhart Overalls just in,

We have all sizes. Can fit any size now. Every pair guaranteed. Union made.

J. H. REHDER & CO.,

FOURTH STREET.

Watch for the date of the above sale. jan 19 tf

Atlantic National Bank,

FEBRUARY 1, 1902,

The directors of the Atlantic National Bank having declared the usual dividend of one per cent. for the month of January, same is now payable. Resident stockholders will please call for their checks.

ANDREW MORELAND, Cashier.

feb 1 tf

To-day Only!

WE WILL SERVE

Chocolate Crackers

with each Cup of Hot Chocolate and Whipped Cream at our Fountain.

E. WARREN & SON.

feb 1 1y

We Offer for Subscription

On February 1st, in lots to suit subscribers,

$100,000 7 per cent. Cumulative Preferred Stock

of the Cheswell Cotton Mill Co., Westminster, S. C.

Particulars upon application.

HUGH MacRAE & CO., Bankers,

jan 29 4t WILMINGTON, N. C.

FOR RENT,

Dwellings, Stores, Offices, &c.

au 22 tf D. O'CONNOR.